## **UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI**



## **Syllabus for T.Y.B.Sc. Programme: B.Sc.**

**Subject: Information Technology** 

(Choice Based Credit System)
with effect from the academic year 2018 - 2019

Semester – 5				
<b>Course Code</b>	Course Type	Course Title	Credits	
USIT501	Skill Enhancement Course	Software Project Management	2	
USIT502	Skill Enhancement Course	Internet of Things	2	
USIT503	Skill Enhancement Course	Advanced Web Programming	2	
USIT504	Discipline Specific Elective	Artificial Intelligence	2.	
USIT505	(Any One)	Linux System Administration	2	
USIT506	Discipline Specific Elective	Enterprise Java	2	
USIT507	(Any One)	Next Generation Technologies	2	
USIT5P1	Skill Enhancement Course	Project Dissertation	2	
	Practical			
USIT5P2	Skill Enhancement Course	Internet of Things Practical	2	
	Practical			
USIT5P3	Skill Enhancement Course	Advanced Web Programming Practical	2	
	Practical			
USIT5P4	Discipline Specific Elective	Artificial Intelligence Practical	2	
USIT5P5	Practical (Any One)*	Linux Administration Practical	2	
USIT5P6	Discipline Specific Elective	Enterprise Java Practical	2	
USIT5P7	Practical (Any One)*	Next Generation Technologies Practical		
		Total Credits	20	

(All the practical mentioned in the syllabi are compulsory as per the courses chosen)

Semester – 6				
Course Code	Course Type	Course Title	Credits	
USIT601	Skill Enhancement Course	Software Quality Assurance	2	
USIT602	Skill Enhancement Course	Security in Computing	2	
USIT603	Skill Enhancement Course	Business Intelligence	2	
USIT604	Discipline Specific Elective	Principles of Geographic Information Systems	2	
USIT605	(Any One)	Enterprise Networking		
USIT606	Discipline Specific Elective	IT Service Management	2	
USIT607	(Any One)	Cyber Laws	2	
USIT6P1	Skill Enhancement Course Practical	Project Implementation	2	
USIT6P2	Skill Enhancement Course Practical	Security in Computing Practical	2	
USIT6P3	Skill Enhancement Course Practical	Business Intelligence Practical	2	
USIT6P4	Discipline Specific Elective Practical (Any One)*	Principles of Geographic Information Systems Practical	2	
USIT6P5	Fractical (Ally Offe)	Enterprise Networking Practical		
USIT6P6	Skill Enhancement Course Practical	Advanced Mobile Programming	2	
		Total Credits	20	

<sup>\*</sup>The choice of Practical course is based on the theory Course. For Semester V, USIT504, USIT505, USIT506 and USIT507, the practical courses are USIT5P4, USIT5P5 USIT5P6, USIT5P7. For Semester VI, USIT604, USIT605 the practical courses are USIT6P4, USIT6P5 respectively. Practical Course USIT6P6 is compulsory.

## SEMESTER V

B. Sc. (Information Tech	Semester – V			
Course Name: Software Project Management			ode: USIT501	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50	minutes)	5		
Credits		2		
		Hours	Marks	
<b>Evaluation System</b>	Theory Examination	21/2	75	
	Internal		25	

Unit	Details	Lectures
Ι	Introduction to Software Project Management:Introduction, Why	
	is Software Project Management Important? What is a Project?	
	Software Projects versus Other Types of Project, Contract	
	Management and Technical Project Management, Activities Covered	
	by Software Project Management, Plans, Methods and Methodologies,	
	Some Ways of Categorizing Software Projects, Project Charter,	
	Stakeholders, Setting Objectives, The Business Case, Project Success	
	and Failure, What is Management? Management Control, Project	
	Management Life Cycle, Traditional versus Modern Project	
	Management Practices. <b>Project Evaluation and Programme Management</b> : Introduction,	
	Business Case, Project Portfolio Management, Evaluation of	
	Individual Projects, Cost–benefit Evaluation Techniques, Risk	12
	Evaluation, Programme Management, Managing the Allocation of	
	Resources within Programmes, Strategic Programme Management,	
	Creating a Programme, Aids to Programme Management, Some	
	Reservations about Programme Management, Benefits Management.	
	An Overview of Project Planning :Introduction to Step Wise Project	
	Planning, Step 0: Select Project, Step 1: Identify Project Scope and	
	Objectives, Step 2: Identify Project Infrastructure, Step 3: Analyse	
	Project Characteristics, Step 4: Identify Project Products and	
	Activities, Step 5: Estimate Effort for Each Activity, Step 6: Identify	
	Activity Risks, Step 7: Allocate Resources, Step 8: Review/Publicize	
	Plan, Steps 9 and 10: Execute Plan/Lower Levels of Planning	
II	Selection of an Appropriate Project Approach: Introduction, Build	
	or Buy? Choosing Methodologies and Technologies, Software	
	Processes and Process Models, Choice of Process Models, Structure	
	versus Speed of Delivery, The Waterfall Model, The Spiral Model,	
	Software Prototyping, Other Ways of Categorizing Prototypes, Incremental Delivery, Atern/Dynamic Systems Development Method,	
	Rapid Application Development, Agile Methods, Extreme	
	Programming (XP), Scrum, Lean Software Development, Managing	12
	Iterative Processes, Selecting the Most Appropriate Process Model.	
	Software Effort Estimation:Introduction, Where are the Estimates	
	Done? Problems with Over- and Under-Estimates, The Basis for	
	Software Estimating, Software Effort Estimation Techniques, Bottom-	
	up Estimating, The Top-down Approach and Parametric Models,	
	Expert Judgement, Estimating by Analogy, Albrecht Function Point	

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	Analysis, Function Points Mark II, COSMIC Full Function Points,	
	COCOMO II: A Parametric Productivity Model, Cost Estimation, Staffing Pattern, Effect of Schedule Compression, Capers Jones	
	Estimating Rules of Thumb.	
III	Activity Planning: Introduction, Objectives of Activity Planning,	
	When to Plan, Project Schedules, Projects and Activities, Sequencing	
	and Scheduling Activities, Network Planning Models, Formulating a	
	Network Model, Adding the Time Dimension, The Forward Pass,	
	Backward Pass, Identifying the Critical Path, Activity Float,	
	Shortening the Project Duration, Identifying Critical Activities,	
	Activity-on-Arrow Networks.	
	Risk Management: Introduction, Risk, Categories of Risk, Risk	10
	Management Approaches, A Framework for Dealing with Risk, Risk Identification, Risk Assessment, Risk Planning, Risk Management,	12
	Evaluating Risks to the Schedule, Boehm's Top 10 Risks and Counter	
	Measures, Applying the PERT Technique, Monte Carlo Simulation,	
	Critical Chain Concepts.	
	<b>Resource Allocation</b> : Introduction, Nature of Resources, Identifying	
	Resource Requirements, Scheduling Resources, Creating Critical	
	Paths, Counting the Cost, Being Specific, Publishing the Resource	
TX7	Schedule, Cost Schedules, Scheduling Sequence.	
IV	Monitoring and Control: Introduction, Creating the Framework,	
	Collecting the Data, Review, Visualizing Progress, Cost Monitoring, Earned Value Analysis, Prioritizing Monitoring, Getting the Project	
	Back to Target, Change Control, Software Configuration Management	
	(SCM).	
	Managing Contracts: Introduction, Types of Contract, Stages in	
	Contract Placement, Typical Terms of a Contract, Contract	12
	Management, Acceptance.	14
	Managing People in Software Environments: Introduction,	
	Understanding Behaviour, Organizational Behaviour: A Background, Selecting the Right Person for the Job, Instruction in the Best	
	Methods, Motivation, The Oldham–Hackman Job Characteristics	
	Model, Stress, Stress Management, Health and Safety, Some Ethical	
	and Professional Concerns.	
V	Working in Teams: Introduction, Becoming a Team, Decision	
	Making, Organization and Team Structures, Coordination	
	Dependencies, Dispersed and Virtual Teams, Communication Genres,	
	Communication Plans, Leadership.	
	<b>Software Quality :</b> Introduction, The Place of Software Quality in Project Planning, Importance of Software Quality, Defining Software	
	Quality, Software Quality Models, ISO 9126, Product and Process	12
	Metrics, Product versus Process Quality Management, Quality	
	Management Systems, Process Capability Models, Techniques to	
	Help Enhance Software Quality, Testing, Software Reliability,	
	Quality Plans.	
	<b>Project Closeout</b> : Introduction, Reasons for Project Closure, Project	

Closure	Process,	Performing	a	Financial	Closure,	Project	Closeout	
Report.								

Books and References:						
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year	
1.	Software Project Management	Bob Hughes, Mike Cotterell, Rajib Mall	TMH	6 <sup>th</sup>	2018	
2.	Project Management and Tools & Technologies – An overview	Shailesh Mehta	SPD	1st	2017	
3.	Software Project Management	Walker Royce	Pearson		2005	

B. Sc.	(Information	Technology)
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Course Name: Internet of Things			Course Code: USIT502		
Periods per week (1 Period is 50		5			
Credits	2				
		Hours	Marks		
<b>Evaluation System</b>	Theory Examination	21/2	75		
	Internal		25		

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	The Internet of Things: An Overview : The Flavour of the Internet	
	of Things, The "Internet" of "Things", The Technology of the Internet	
	of Things, Enchanted Objects,	
	Who is Making the Internet of Things?	
	Design Principles for Connected Devices: Calm and Ambient	
	Technology, Magic as Metaphor, Privacy, Keeping Secrets, Whose	
	Data Is It Anyway? Web Thinking for Connected Devices, Small	
	Pieces, Loosely Joined, First-Class Citizens On The Internet, Graceful	12
	Degradation, Affordances.	12
	Internet Principles: Internet Communications: An Overview, IP,	
	TCP, The IP Protocol Suite (TCP/IP), UDP, IP Addresses, DNS,	
	Static IP Address Assignment,	
	Dynamic IP Address Assignment, IPv6, MAC Addresses, TCP and	
	UDP Ports, An Example: HTTP Ports, Other Common Ports,	
	Application Layer Protocols, HTTP,	
	HTTPS: Encrypted HTTP, Other Application Layer Protocols.	
II	Thinking About Prototyping: Sketching, Familiarity, Costs versus	
	Ease of Prototyping, Prototypes and Production, Changing Embedded	
	Platform, Physical Prototypes and Mass Personalisation, Climbing	
	into the Cloud, Open Source versus Closed Source, Why Closed?	
	Why Open? Mixing Open and Closed Source, Closed Source for Mass	
	Market Projects, Tapping into the Community.	12
	Prototyping Embedded Devices: Electronics, Sensors, Actuators,	
	Scaling Up the Electronics, Embedded Computing Basics,	
	Microcontrollers, System-on-Chips, Choosing Your Platform,	
	Arduino, Developing on the Arduino, Some Notes on the Hardware,	
	Openness, Raspberry Pi, Cases and Extension Boards, Developing on	
III	the Raspberry Pi, Some Notes on the Hardware, Openness. <b>Prototyping the Physical Design:</b> Preparation, Sketch, Iterate, and	
111	Explore, Nondigital Methods, Laser Cutting, Choosing a Laser Cutter,	
	Software, Hinges and Joints, 3D Printing, Types of 3D Printing,	
	Software, CNC Milling, Repurposing/Recycling.	
	Chapter 7: Prototyping Online Components: Getting Started with	
	an API, Mashing Up APIs, Scraping, Legalities, Writing a New API,	12
	Clockodillo, Security,	
	Implementing the API, Using Curl to Test, Going Further, Real-Time	
	Reactions, Polling, Comet, Other Protocols, MQ Telemetry Transport,	
	Extensible Messaging and Presence Protocol, Constrained Application	
	Protocol.	

IV	Techniques for Writing Embedded Code: Memory Management,	
	Types of Memory, Making the Most of Your RAM, Performance and	
	Battery Life, Libraries,	
	Debugging,	
	<b>Business Models:</b> A Short History of Business Models, Space and	
	Time, From Craft to Mass Production, The Long Tail of the Internet,	12
	Learning from History, The Business Model Canvas, Who Is the	12
	Business Model For? Models, Make Thing, Sell Thing, Subscriptions,	
	Customisation, Be a Key Resource, Provide Infrastructure: Sensor	
	Networks, Take a Percentage, Funding an Internet of Things Startup,	
	Hobby Projects and Open Source, Venture Capital, Government	
	Funding, Crowdfunding, Lean Startups.	
V	Moving to Manufacture: What Are You Producing? Designing Kits,	
	Designing Printed circuit boards, Software Choices, The Design	
	Process, Manufacturing Printed Circuit Boards, Etching Boards,	
	Milling Boards. Assembly, Testing, Mass-Producing the Case and	
	Other Fixtures, Certification, Costs, Scaling Up Software,	
	Deployment, Correctness and Maintainability, Security, Performance,	12
	User Community.	12
	<b>Ethics:</b> Characterizing the Internet of Things, Privacy, Control,	
	Disrupting Control,	
	Crowdsourcing, Environment, Physical Thing, Electronics, Internet	
	Service, Solutions, The Internet of Things as Part of the Solution,	
	Cautious Optimism, The Open Internet of Things Definition.	

Books and References:						
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year	
1.	DesigningtheInternetof	Adrian McEwen,	WILEY	First	2014	
	Things	Hakim Cassimally				
2.	Internet of Things –	Raj Kamal	McGraw	First	2017	
	Architecture and Design		Hill			
3.	Getting Started with the	Cuno Pfister	O'Reilly	Sixth	2018	
	Internet of Things					
4.	Getting Started with	Matt Richardson and	SPD	Third	2016	
	Raspberry Pi	Shawn Wallace				

B. Sc. (Information Technology)   Semester – V	B. Sc. (Information Technology)	Semester – V
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Course Name: Advanced Web Programming		Course Code: USIT503	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		5	
Credits		2	
		Hours	Marks
<b>Evaluation System</b>	Theory Examination	21/2	75
	Internal		25

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	<b>Introducing .NET</b> : The .NET Framework, C#, VB, and the .NET Languages, The Common Language Runtime, The .NET Class Library.	
	The C# Language: C# Language Basics, Variables and Data Types, Variable Operations, Object-Based Manipulation, Conditional Logic, Loops, Methods.  Types, Objects, and Namespaces: The Basics About Classes, Building a Basic Class, Value Types and Reference Types, Understanding Namespaces and Assemblies, Advanced Class Programming.	12
II	Web Form Fundamentals: Writing Code, Using the Code-Behind Class, Adding Event Handlers, Understanding the Anatomy of an ASP.NET Application, Introducing Server Controls, Using the Page	
	Class, Using Application Events, Configuring an ASP.NET Application.  Form Controls: Stepping Up to Web Controls, Web Control Classes, List Controls, Table Controls, Web Control Events and AutoPostBack, Validation, Understanding Validation, Using the Validation Controls, Rich Controls, The Calendar, The AdRotator, Pages with Multiple Views, User Controls and Graphics, User Controls, Dynamic Graphics, The Chart Control, Website Navigation:	12
	Site Maps, URL Mapping and Routing, The SiteMapPath Control, The TreeView Control, The Menu Control.	
III	Error Handling, Logging, and Tracing: Avoiding Common Errors, Understanding Exception Handling, Handling Exceptions, Throwing Your Own Exceptions, Using Page Tracing  State Management: Understanding the Problem of State, Using View State, Transferring Information Between Pages, Using Cookies, Managing Session State, Configuring Session State, Using Application State, Comparing State Management Options  Styles, Themes, and Master Pages: Styles, Themes, Master Page Basics, Advanced Master Pages,	12
IV	ADO.NET Fundamentals: Understanding Databases, Configuring Your Database, Understanding SQL Basics, Understanding the Data Provider Model, Using Direct Data Access, Using Disconnected Data Access.  Data Binding: Introducing Data Binding, Using Single-Value Data Binding, Using Repeated-Value Data Binding, Working with Data Source Controls,	12

	<b>The Data Controls</b> : The GridView, Formatting the GridView, Selecting a GridView Row, Editing with the GridView, Sorting and Paging the GridView, Using GridView Templates, The DetailsView and FormView	
V	XML: XML Explained, The XML Classes, XML Validation, XML Display and Transforms.  Security Fundamentals: Understanding Security Requirements, Authentication and Authorization, Forms Authentication, Windows Authentication.  ASP.NET AJAX: Understanding Ajax, Using Partial Refreshes, Using Progress Notification, Implementing Timed Refreshes, Working with the ASP.NET AJAX Control Toolkit.	12

Books a	Books and References:					
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year	
1.	Beginning ASP.NET	Matthew MacDonald	Apress		2012	
	4.5 in C#		_			
2.	C# 2015	Anne Bohem and	Murach	Third	2016	
		Joel Murach				
3.	Murach's ASP.NET 4.6	Mary Delamater and	SPD	Sixth	2016	
	Web Programming in	Anne Bohem				
	C#2015					
4.	ASP.NET 4.0	J. Kanjilal	Tata		2011	
	programming		McGraw-			
			Hill			
5.	Programming ASP.NET	D.Esposito	Microsoft		2011	
		_	Press			
			(Dreamtech)			
6.	Beginning Visual C#	K. Watson, C. Nagel,	Wrox		2010	
	2010	J.H Padderson, J.D.	(Wiley)			
		Reid, M.Skinner				

B. Sc. (Information Technology)			Semester – V		
Course Name: Artificial Intelligence		Course Code: USIT504 (Elective I)			
Periods per week (1 Period is 50	minutes)	5			
Credits		2			
		Hours	Marks		
<b>Evaluation System</b>	Theory Examination	21/2	75		
	Internal		25		

Unit	Details	Lectures
Ι	<b>Introduction:</b> What is Artificial Intelligence? Foundations of AI,	
	history, the state of art AI today.	12
	Intelligent Agents: agents and environment, good behavior, nature of	12
	environment, the structure of agents.	
II	Solving Problems by Searching: Problem solving agents, examples	
	problems, searching for solutions, uninformed search, informed search	
	strategies, heuristic functions.	12
	<b>Beyond Classical Search:</b> local search algorithms, searching with non-deterministic action, searching with partial observations, online search agents and unknown environments.	
III	Adversarial Search: Games, optimal decisions in games, alpha-beta	
	pruning, stochastic games, partially observable games, state-of-the-are	
	game programs.	12
	<b>Logical Agents:</b> Knowledge base agents, The Wumpus world, logic, propositional logic, propositional theorem proving, effective propositional model checking, agents based on propositional logic.	12
IV	First Order Logic: Syntax and semantics, using First Order Logic,	
	Knowledge engineering in First Order Logic.	12
	<b>Inference in First Order Logic:</b> propositional vs. First Order, unification and lifting, forward and backward chaining, resolution.	12
$\mathbf{V}$	Planning: Definition of Classical Planning, Algorithms for planning	
	as state space search, planning graphs, other classical planning	
	approaches, analysis of planning approaches, Time, Schedules and	
	resources, hierarchical planning, Planning and Acting in Nondeterministic	12
	Domains, multiagent planning,	12
	Knowledge Representation: Categories and Objects, events, mental	
	events and objects, reasoning systems for categories, reasoning with default information, Internet shopping world	

Books a	and References:				
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year
1.	Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach	Stuart Russel and Peter Norvig	Pearson	3 <sup>rd</sup>	2015

2.	A First Course in	Deepak Khemani	TMH	First	2017
	Artificial Intelligence				
3.	Artificial Intelligence:	Rahul Deva	Shroff	1 <sup>st</sup>	2018
	A Rational Approach		publishers		
4.	Artificial Intelligence	Elaine Rich, Kevin	TMH	3 <sup>rd</sup>	2009
		Knight and			
		Shivashankar Nair			
5.	Artificial Intelligence &	Anandita Das	SPD	1 <sup>st</sup>	2013
	Soft Computing for	Bhattacharjee			
	Beginners				

B. Sc. (Information Tech	Semester – V		
Course Name: Linux System Administration		Course Code: USIT505	
	( <b>E</b>	Elective I)	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		5	
Credits		2	
		Hours	Marks
<b>Evaluation System</b>	Theory Examination	21/2	75
	Internal		25

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	Introduction to Red Hat Enterprise Linux: Linux, Open Source	
	and Red Hat, Origins of Linux, Distributions, Duties of Linux System	
	Administrator.	
	Command Line: Working with the Bash Shell, Getting the Best of	
	Bash, Useful Bash Key Sequences, Working with Bash History,	
	Performing Basic File System Management Tasks, Working with	
	Directories, Piping and Redirection, Finding Files	
	System Administration Tasks: Performing Job Management Tasks,	
	System and Process Monitoring and Management, Managing	10
	Processes with ps, Sending Signals to Processes with the kill	12
	Command, Using top to Show Current System Activity, Managing	
	Process Niceness, Scheduling Jobs, Mounting Devices, Working with Links, Creating Backups, Managing Printers, Setting Up System	
	Logging, Setting Up Rsyslog, Common Log Files, Setting Up	
	Logotate	
	Managing Software: Understanding RPM, Understanding Meta	
	Package Handlers, Creating Your Own Repositories, Managing	
	Repositories, Installing Software with Yum, Querying Software,	
	Extracting Files from RPM Packages	
II	Configuring and Managing Storage: Understanding Partitions and	
	Logical Volumes, Creating Partitions, Creating File Systems, File	
	Systems Overview, Creating File Systems, Changing File System	
	Properties, Checking the File System Integrity, Mounting File	
	Systems Automatically Through fstab, Working with Logical	
	Volumes, Creating Logical Volumes, Resizing Logical Volumes,	
	Working with Snapshots, Replacing Failing Storage Devices, Creating	
	Swap Space, Working with Encrypted Volumes	
	Connecting to the Network: Understanding NetworkManager,	12
	Working with Services and Runlevels, Configuring the Network with	
	NetworkManager, Working with system-config-network,	
	NetworkManager Configuration Files, Network Service Scripts,	
	Networking from the Command Line, Troubleshooting Networking,	
	Setting Up IPv6, Configuring SSH, Enabling the SSH Server, Using	
	the SSH Client, Using PuTTY on Windows Machines, Configuring	
	Key-Based SSH Authentication, Using Graphical Applications with	
	SSH, Using SSH Port Forwarding, Configuring VNC Server Access	

	Working with Users, Groups, and Permissions: Managing Users and Groups, Commands for User Management, Managing Passwords, Modifying and Deleting User Accounts, Configuration Files, Creating Groups, Using Graphical Tools for User, and Group Management, Using External Authentication Sources, the Authentication Process, sssd, nsswitch, Pluggable Authentication Modules, Managing Permissions, the Role of Ownership, Basic Permissions: Read, Write, and Execute, Advanced Permissions, Working with Access Control Lists, Setting Default Permissions with umask, Working with Attributes	
III	Securing Server with iptables: Understanding Firewalls, Setting Up	
	a Firewall with system-config-firewall, Allowing Services, Trusted Interfaces, Masquerading, Configuration Files, Setting Up a Firewall with iptables, Tables, Chains, and Rules, Composition of Rule, Configuration Example, Advanced iptables Configuration, Configuring Logging, The Limit Module, Configuring NAT  Setting Up Cryptographic Services: Introducing SSL, Proof of Authenticity: the Certificate Authority, Managing Certificates with openssl, Creating a Signing Request, Working with GNU Privacy Guard, Creating GPG Keys, Key Transfer, Managing GPG Keys, Encrypting Files with GPG, GPG Signing, Signing RPM Files  Configuring Server for File Sharing: What is NFS? Advantages and Disadvantages of NFS, Configuring NFS4, Setting Up NFSv4, Mounting an NFS Share, Making NFS Mounts Persistent, Configuring Automount, Configuring Samba, Setting Up a Samba File Server, Samba Advanced Authentication Options, Accessing Samba Shares, Offering FTP Services.	12
IV	Configuring DNS and DHCP:Introduction to DNS, The DNS	
	Hierarchy, DNS Server Types, The DNS Lookup Process, DNS Zone Types, Setting Up a DNS Server, Setting Up a Cache-Only Name Server, Setting Up a Primary Name Server, Setting Up a Secondary Name Server, Understanding DHCP, Setting Up a DHCP Server  Setting Up a Mail Server: Using the Message Transfer Agent, the Mail Delivery Agent, the Mail User Agent, Setting Up Postfix as an SMTP Server, Working with Mutt, Basic Configuration, Internet Configuration, Configuring Dovecot for POP and IMAP  Configuring Apache on Red Hat Enterprise Linux: Configuring the Apache Web Server, Creating a Basic Website, Understanding the Apache Configuration Files, Apache Log Files, Working with Virtual Hosts, Securing the Web Server with TLS Certificates, Configuring Authentication, Setting Up Authentication with httpasswd, Configuring LDAP Authentication, Setting Up MySQL	12

Introducing Bash Shell Scripting: Introduction, Elements of a Good Shell Script, Executing the Script, Working with Variables and Input, Understanding Variables, Variables, Subshells, and Sourcing, Working with Script Arguments, Asking for Input, Using Command Substitution, Substitution Operators, Changing Variable Content with Pattern Matching, Performing Calculations, Using Control Structures, Using if...then...else, Using case, Using while, Using until, Using for, Configuring booting with GRUB.

High-Availability Clustering: High-Availability Clustering, The Workings of High Availability, High-Availability Requirements, Red Hat High-Availability Add-on Software, Components, Configuring Cluster-Based Services, Setting Up Bonding, Setting Up Shared Storage, Installing the Red Hat High Availability Add-On, Building the Initial State of the Cluster, Configuring Additional Cluster Properties, Configuring a Quorum Disk, Setting Up Fencing, Creating Resources and Services, Troubleshooting a Nonoperational Cluster, Configuring GFS2 File Systems

**Setting Up an Installation Server:** Configuring a Network Server as an Installation Server, Setting Up a TFTP and DHCP Server for PXE Boot, Installing the TFTP Server, Configuring DHCP for PXE Boot, Creating the TFTP PXE Server Content, Creating a Kickstart File, Using a Kickstart File to Perform an Automated, Installation, Modifying the Kickstart File with, system-config-kickstart, Making Manual Modifications to the Kickstart File

Books a	Books and References:								
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year				
1.	Red Hat Enterprise	Sander van Vugt	John		2013				
	Linux6 Administration		Wiley						
			and Sons						
2.	Red hat Linux	Terry Collings and	Wiley	3 <sup>rd</sup>					
	Networking and System	Kurt Wall							
	Administration								
3.	Linux Administration: A	Wale Soyinka	TMH	Fifth					
	Beginner's Guide			Edition					

12

B. Sc. (Information Tech	Semester – V		
Course Name: Enterprise Java		Course Co	ode: USIT506
	(E	lective II)	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50	minutes)	5	
Credits			2
		Hours	Marks
<b>Evaluation System</b>	21/2	75	
	Internal		25

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	Understanding Java EE: WhatisanEnterpriseApplication? Whatisjavaenterpriseedition? JavaEETechnologies, JavaEEevolution, Glassfishserver  JavaEE Architecture,Serverand Containers: TypesofSystemArchitecture, JavaEEServer, JavaEEContainers. Introduction to Java Servlets: TheNeedforDynamicContent, JavaServletTechnology, WhyServlets? WhatcanServletsdo?  Servlet API and Lifecycle: JavaServletAPI, TheServletSkeleton, TheServletLifeCycle, ASimpleWelcomeServlet  WorkingWithServlets: GettingStarted, UsingAnnotationsInsteadofDeploymentDescriptor.  Working with Databases: WhatIsJDBC? JDBCArchitecture, AccessingDatabase, TheServletGUI and DatabaseExample.	12
II	Request Dispatcher: Resquestdispatcher Interface, Methods of Requestdispatcher, Requestdispatcher Application.  COOKIES: KindsOfCookies, WhereCookiesAreUsed? CreatingCookiesUsingServlet, DynamicallyChangingTheColorsOfAPage SESSION: WhatAreSessions? LifecycleOfHttpSession, SessionTrackingWithServletAPI, AServlet Session Example WorkingWith Files: UploadingFiles, CreatinganUploadFileApplication, DownloadingFiles, CreatingaDownloadFileApplication.  Working With Non-Blocking I/O: CreatingaNon-BlockingReadApplication, CreatingTheWeb Application, CreatingJavaClass, Creating Servlets, Retrieving The File, Creating index.jsp	12
III	Introduction To Java ServerPages: WhyuseJava ServerPages? DisadvantagesOfJSP, JSPv\sServlets, LifeCycleofaJSPPage, HowdoesaJSPfunction? HowdoesJSPexecute? AboutJava ServerPages Getting Started With Java ServerPages: Comments, JSPDocument, JSPElements, JSPGUIExample. Action Elements: IncludingotherFiles, ForwardingJSPPagetoAnotherPage, PassingParametersforotherActions, LoadingaJavabean. Implicit Objects, ScopeAnd ElExpressions: ImplicitObjects, CharacterQuotingConventions,	12

	UnifiedExpressionLanguage[UnifiedEl], ExpressionLanguage.	
	Java Server Pages Standard Tag Libraries:	
	WhatiswronginusingJSPScriptletTags?	
	HowJSTLFixesJSPScriptlet'sShortcomings? DisadvantagesOfJSTL,	
	TagLibraries.	
IV	Introduction To EnterpriseJavabeans: EnterpriseBeanArchitecture,	
	BenefitsofEnterpriseBean, TypesofEnterpriseBean,	
	AccessingEnterpriseBeans, EnterpriseBeanApplication,	
	PackagingEnterpriseBeans	
	Working With Session Beans: WhentouseSessionBeans?	
	TypesofSessionBeans, RemoteandLocalInterfaces,	
	AccessingInterfaces, LifecycleofEnterpriseBeans,	
	PackagingEnterpriseBeans, Exampleof StatefulSessionBean, Example	
	ofStatelessSessionBean, Example of SingletonSessionBeans.	
	Working with Message DrivenBeans:	12
	LifecycleofaMessageDrivenBean, UsesofMessageDrivenBeans,	
	TheMessage DrivenBeansExample.	
	Interceptors: Request AndInterceptor, Defining An Interceptor,	
	AroundInvokeMethod, ApplyingInterceptor, Adding An Interceptor	
	To An Enterprise Bean, Build and Run the Web Application.	
	Java Naming and Directory Interface: What is Naming Service?	
	What is Directory Service? What is Java Naming and Directory	
	interface? Basic Lookup, JNDI Namespace in Java EE, Resources and	
	JNDI, Datasource Resource Definition in Java EE.	
$\mathbf{V}$	Persistence, Object/Relational Mapping And JPA:	
	WhatisPersistence? PersistenceinJava,	
	CurrentPersistenceStandardsinJava, WhyanotherPersistenceStandards?	
	Object/RelationalMapping,	
	Introduction to JavaPersistence API: TheJavaPersistenceAPI,	
	JPA,ORM,DatabaseandtheApplication, ArchitectureofJPA,	
	HowJPAWorks? JPA Specifications.	
	Writing JPA Application: ApplicationRequirementSpecifications,	
	SoftwareRequirements, TheApplicationDevelopmentApproach,	
	Creating Database And Tables in Mysql, Creating a Web Application,	
	AddingtheRequiredLibraryFiles, CreatingaJavabeanClass,	10
	CreatingPersistenceUnit[Persistence.Xml], CreatingJSPS,	12
	The JPAA pplication Structure, Running The JPAA pplication.  Introduction to Hibernate: What is Hibernate? Why Hibernate?	
	Hibernate, Database and The Application, Components of Hibernate,	
	ArchitectureofHibernate, HowHibernateWorks?	
	WritingHibernateApplication:	
	ApplicationRequirementSpecifications, SoftwareRequirements,	
	The Application Development Approach,	
	CreatingDatabaseandTablesinMysql, CreatingaWebApplication,	
	AddingTheRequiredLibraryFiles, CreatingaJavabeanClass,	
	CreatingHibernateConfigurationFile,  AddingaMappingClass,	
	CreatingJSPS, RunningTheHibernateApplication.	
	Creating 51 5, Kuming i nermoemateApplication.	

Books a	Books and References:								
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year				
1.	Java EE 7 For Beginners	Sharanam Shah, Vaishali Shah	SPD	First	2017				
2.	Java EE 8 Cookbook: Build reliable applications with the most robust and mature technology for enterprise development	Elder Moraes	Packt	First	2018				
3.	Advanced Java Programming	Uttam Kumar Roy	Oxford Press		2015				

<b>B. Sc.</b> (Information Technol	Semester – V		
Course Name: Next Generation Technologies		Course Code: USIT507 (Elective II)	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50	minutes),	5	
Credits		2	
		Hours	Marks
Evaluation System Theory Examination		21/2	75
	Internal		25

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	Big Data: Getting Started, Big Data, Facts About Big Data, Big Data Sources, Three Vs of Big Data, Volume, Variety, Velocity, Usage of Big Data, Visibility, Discover and Analyze Information, Segmentation and Customizations, Aiding Decision Making, Innovation, Big Data Challenges, Policies and Procedures, Access to Data, Technology and Techniques, Legacy Systems and Big Data, Structure of Big Data, Data Storage, Data Processing, Big Data Technologies  NoSQL: SQL, NoSQL, Definition, A Brief History of NoSQL, ACID vs. BASE, CAP Theorem (Brewer's Theorem), The BASE, NoSQL Advantages and Disadvantages, Advantages of NoSQL, Disadvantages of NoSQL, SQL vs. NoSQL Databases  Introducing MongoDB: History, MongoDB Design Philosophy, Speed, Scalability, and Agility, Non-Relational Approach, JSON-Based Document Store, Performance vs. Features, Running the Database Anywhere, SQL Comparison	12
II	The MongoDB Data Model: The Data Model, JSON and BSON, The Identifier (_id), Capped Collection, Polymorphic Schemas, Object-Oriented Programming, Schema Evolution  Using MongoDB Shell: Basic Querying, Create and Insert, Explicitly Creating Collections, Inserting Documents Using Loop, Inserting by Explicitly Specifying _id, Update, Delete, Read, Using Indexes, Stepping Beyond the Basics, Using Conditional Operators, Regular Expressions, MapReduce, aggregate(), Designing an Application's Data Model, Relational Data Modeling and Normalization, MongoDB Document Data Model Approach  MongoDB Architecture: Core	12

Processes,mongod,mongo,mongos,MongoDB Tools,Standalone Deployment,Replication,Master/Slave Replication,Replica Set,Implementing Advanced Clustering with Replica Sets,Sharding,Sharding Components,Data Distribution Process,Data Balancing Process,Operations,Implementing Sharding,Controlling Collection Distribution (Tag-Based Sharding),Points to Remember When Importing Data in a ShardedEnvironment,Monitoring for Sharding,Monitoring the Config Servers,Production Cluster Architecture,Scenario 1,Scenario 2,Scenario 3,Scenario 4  III MongoDB Storage Engine: Data Storage Engine, Data File (Relevant for MMAPv1), Namespace (.ns File), Data File (Relevant for WiredTiger), Reads and Writes, How Data Is Written Using Journaling, GridFS – The MongoDB File System, The Rationale of GridFS, GridFSunder the Hood, Using GridFS, Indexing, Types of Indexes, Behaviors and Limitations  MongoDB Use Cases: Use Case 1 -Performance Monitoring, Schema Design, Operations, Sharding, Managing the Data, Use Case 2 – Social Networking, Schema Design, Operations, Sharding  MongoDB Limitations: MongoDB Space Is Too Large (Applicable for MMAPv1), Memory Issues (Applicable for Storage Engine MMAPv1), 32-bit vs. 64-bit, BSON Documents, Namespaces Limits, Indexes Limit, Capped Collection, Sharding Limitations, Shard Early to Avoid Any Issues, Shard Key Can't Be Updated, Shard Collection Limit, Select the Correct Shard Key, Security Limitations, No Authentication by Default, Traffic to and from MongoDB Isn't Encrypted, Write and Read Limitations, Case-Sensitive Queries, Type-Sensitive Fields, No JOIN, Transactions, MongoDB Not Applicable Range  MongoDB Best Practices: Deployment, Hardware Suggestions from the MongoDB Site, Few Points to be Noted, Coding, Application Response Time Optimization, Data Safety, Administration, Replication Lag, Sharding, Monitoring	12
IV The End of Disk? SSD and In-Memory Databases: The End of Disk?, Solid State Disk, The Economics of Disk, SSD-Enabled Databases, In-Memory Databases, TimesTen, Redis, SAP HANA, VoltDB, Oracle 12c "in-Memory Database, Berkeley Analytics Data Stack and Spark, Spark Architecture  jQuery: Introduction, Traversing the DOM, DOM Manipulation with jQuery, Events, Ajax with jQuery, jQuery Plug-ins, jQuery Image Slider	12
V JSON: Introduction, JSON Grammar, JSON Values, JSON Tokens, Syntax, JSON vs XML,Data Types,Objects,Arrays,Creating JSON,	12

JSON	Object,	Parsing	JSON,	Persisting	JSON,	Data	Interchange,	
JSON :	PHP,JSC	N HTM	L,JSON	P				

Books and References:								
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year			
1.	Practical MongoDB	Shakuntala Gupta	Apress					
		Edward						
		Navin Sabharwal						
2.	Beginning jQuery	Jack Franklin	Apress	Second				
		Russ Ferguson						
3.	Next Generation	Guy Harrison	Apress					
	Databases	-	_					
4.	Beginning JSON	Ben Smith	Apress					

B. Sc. (Information Tech	Semester – V			
Course Name: Project Dissertati	Course C	ode: USIT5P1		
Periods per week (1 Period is 50	minutes)	5		
Credits		2		
		Hours	Marks	
<b>Evaluation System</b>	21/2	50		
	Internal			

The details are given in Appendix – I

B. Sc. (Information Technology)		Semester – V	
Course Name: Internet of Things Practical		Course Code: USIT5P2	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		5	
Credits		2	
		Hours	Marks
<b>Evaluation System</b>	Practical Examination	21/2	50
	Internal		

Practical	Details
No	
0	Starting Raspbian OS, Familiarising with Raspberry Pi Components and interface, Connecting to ethernet, Monitor, USB.
1	Displaying different LED patterns with Raspberry Pi.
	Disalasias Timo assaul Disit 7 Comment Disalasasias Desalasas Di
2	Displaying Time over 4-Digit 7-Segment Display using Raspberry Pi
3	Raspberry Pi Based Oscilloscope
4	Controlling Raspberry Pi with WhatsApp.
5	Setting up Wireless Access Point using Raspberry Pi
3	Setting up whereas recess rollit using Raspoerry 11
6	Fingerprint Sensor interfacing with Raspberry Pi
7	Raspberry Pi GPS Module Interfacing
/	Raspoerry 11 Of 5 Wodule Interfacing
8	IoT based Web Controlled Home Automation using Raspberry Pi
9	Visitor Monitoring with Raspberry Pi and Pi Camera
10	Interfacing Raspberry Pi with RFID.
10	and the poorty of the poorty o
11	Building Google Assistant with Raspberry Pi.
12	Installing Windows 10 IoT Core on Raspberry Pi

Raspberry Pi Kits and components should be made available in the ratio of 1 kit : 3 students minimum.

B. Sc. (Information Technology)		Semester – V	
Course Name: Advanced Web Programming Practical		Course Code: USIT5P3	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		3	
Credits		2	
		Hours	Marks
Evaluation System Practical Examination		21/2	50
	Internal		

List	List of Practical		
1.	Working with basic C# and ASP .NET		
a.	Create an application that obtains four int values from the user and displays the product.		
b.	Create an application to demonstrate string operations.		
c.	Create an application that receives the (Student Id, Student Name, Course Name, Date of		
	Birth) information from a set of students. The application should also display the		
	information of all the students once the data entered.		
	Create an application to demonstrate following operations		
	i. Generate Fibonacci series. ii. Test for prime numbers.		
	iii. Test for vowels. iv. Use of foreach loop with arrays v. Reverse a number and find sum of digits of a number.		
2.	Working with Object Oriented C# and ASP .NET		
a.	Create simple application to perform following operations		
u.	i. Finding factorial Value ii. Money Conversion		
	iii. Quadratic Equation iv. Temperature Conversion		
b.			
D.	Create simple application to demonstrate use of following concepts		
	i. Function Overloading ii. Inheritance (all types)		
	iii. Constructor overloading iv. Interfaces		
c.	Create simple application to demonstrate use of following concepts		
	i. Using Delegates and events ii. Exception handling		
3.	Working with Web Forms and Controls		
a.	Create a simple web page with various sever controls to demonstrate setting and use of		
	their properties. (Example : AutoPostBack)		
b.	Demonstrate the use of Calendar control to perform following operations.		
	a) Display messages in a calendar control b) Display vacation in a calendar		
	control		
	c) Selected day in a calendar control using style d) Difference between two calendar		
	dates		
c.	Demonstrate the use of Treeview control perform following operations.		
L			

	a) Treeview control and datalist b) Treeview operations		
1	Woulding with Form Controls		
<b>4.</b> a.	Working with Form Controls  Create a Registration form to demonstrate use of various Validation controls.		
b.	Create Web Form to demonstrate use of Adrotator Control.		
c.	Create Web Form to demonstrate use User Controls.		
5.	Working with Navigation, Beautification and Master page.		
a.	Create Web Form to demonstrate use of Website Navigation controls and Site Map.		
b.	Create a web application to demonstrate use of Master Page with applying Styles and Themes for page beautification.		
c.	Create a web application to demonstrate various states of ASP.NET Pages.		
6.	Working with Database		
a.	Create a web application bind data in a multiline textbox by querying in another textbox.		
b.	Create a web application to display records by using database.		
c.	Demonstrate the use of Datalist link control.		
7.	Working with Database		
a.	Create a web application to display Databinding using dropdownlist control.		
b.	Create a web application for to display the phone no of an author using database.		
c.	Create a web application for inserting and deleting record from a database. (Using Execute-Non Query).		
8.	Working with data controls		
a.	Create a web application to demonstrate various uses and properties of SqlDataSource.		
b.	Create a web application to demonstrate data binding using DetailsView and FormView Control.		
c.	Create a web application to display Using Disconnected Data Access and Databinding using GridView.		
9.	Working with GridView control		
a.	Create a web application to demonstrate use of GridView control template and GridView hyperlink.		
b.	Create a web application to demonstrate use of GridView button column and GridView events.		
c.	Create a web application to demonstrate GridView paging and Creating own table format using GridView.		
10.	Working with AJAX and XML		
a.	Create a web application to demonstrate reading and writing operation with XML.		
b.	Create a web application to demonstrate Form Security and Windows Security with		
	proper Authentication and Authorization properties.		
c.	Create a web application to demonstrate use of various Ajax controls.		
11	Due sure to sure to sure large DLI		
11.	Programs to create and use DLL		

B. Sc. (Information Technology)		Semester – V	
Course Name: Artificial Intelligence Practical		Course Code: USIT5P4	
		(Elective I)	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		3	
Credits		2	
		Hours	Marks
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Practical Examination</b>	21/2	50
	Internal		

Practi	cal	Details	
No			
1	a	Write a program to implement depth first search algorithm.	
	b	Write a program to implement breadth first search algorithm.	
2	a	Write a program to simulate 4-Queen / N-Queen problem.	
	b	Write a program to solve tower of Hanoi problem.	
3	a	Write a program to implement alpha beta search.	
	b	Write a program for Hill climbing problem.	
4	a	Write a program to implement A* algorithm.	
	b	Write a program to implement AO* algorithm.	
5	a	Write a program to solve water jug problem.	
	b	Design the simulation of tic – tac – toe game using min-max algorithm.	
6	a	Write a program to solve Missionaries and Cannibals problem.	
	b	Design an application to simulate number puzzle problem.	
7	a	Write a program to shuffle Deck of cards.	
	b	Solve traveling salesman problem using artificial intelligence technique.	
8	a	Solve the block of World problem.	
	b	Solve constraint satisfaction problem	
9	a	Derive the expressions based on Associative law	
	b	Derive the expressions based on Distributive law	
10	a	Write a program to derive the predicate.	
		(for e.g.: Sachin is batsman, batsman is cricketer) -> Sachin is Cricketer.	
	b	Write a program which contains three predicates: male, female, parent. Make	
		rules for following family relations: father, mother, grandfather, grandmother,	
		brother, sister, uncle, aunt, nephew and niece, cousin.	
		Question:	
		i. Draw Family Tree.	
		ii. Define: Clauses, Facts, Predicates and Rules with conjunction and	
		disjunction	

The practicals can be implemented in C / C++ / Java/ Python / R /Prolog / LISP or any other language.

B. Sc. (Information Technology)		Semester – V	
Course Name: Linux System Administration		Course Code: USIT5P5	
		(Elective I)	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		5	
Credits		2	
		Hours	Marks
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Practical Examination</b>	21/2	50
	Internal		-

Practical	Details
No	
0	Installation of RHEL 6.X
1	Graphical User Interface and Command Line Interface and Processes
a	Exploring the Graphical Desktop
b	The Command Line Interface
c	Managing Processes
2	Storage Devices and Links, Backup and Repository
b	Working with Storage Devices and Links
a	Making a Backup
b	Creating a Repository
3	Working with RPMsm Storage and Networking
a	Using Query Options
b	Extracting Files From RPMs
С	Configuring and Managing Storage
d	Connecting to the Network
4	Working with Users, Groups, and Permissions
5	Firewall and Cryptographic services
a	Securing Server with iptables
b	Setting Up Cryptographic Services
6	Configuring Server for File Sharing
a	Configuring NFS Server and Client
b	Configuring Samba
С	Configuring FTP
7	DNS, DHCP and Mail Server
a	Configuring DNS

b	Configuring DHCP
c	Setting Up a Mail Server
8	Web Server
a	Configuring Apache on Red Hat Enterprise Linux
b	Writing a Script to Monitor Activity on the Apache Web Server
c	Using the select Command
9	Shell Scripts and High-Availability Clustering
a	Writing Shell Scripts
b	Configuring Booting with GRUB
c	Configuring High Availability Clustering
10	Setting Up an Installation Server
a	Configuring Network Server as an Installation Server
b	Setting Up a TFTP and DHCP Server for PXE Boot

B. Sc. (Information Technology)		Semester – V	
Course Name: Enterprise Java		Course Code: USIT5P6	
		<b>(E</b> )	lective II)
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes) 3		3	
Credits			2
		Hours	Marks
<b>Evaluation System</b>	Practical Examination	21/2	50
	Internal		-

List	of Practical
1.	Implement the following Simple Servlet applications.
a.	Create a simple calculator application using servlet.
b.	Create a servlet for a login page. If the username and password are correct then it says message "Hello <username>" else a message "login failed"</username>
c.	Create a registration servlet in Java using JDBC. Accept the details such as Username, Password, Email, and Country from the user using HTML Form and store the registration details in the database.
2.	Implement the following Servlet applications with Cookies and Sessions.
a.	Using Request Dispatcher Interface create a Servlet which will validate the password entered by the user, if the user has entered "Servlet" as password, then he will be forwarded to Welcome Servlet else the user will stay on the index.html page and an error message will be displayed.
b.	Create a servlet that uses Cookies to store the number of times a user has visited servlet.
с.	Create a servlet demonstrating the use of session creation and destruction. Also check whether the user has visited this page first time or has visited earlier also using sessions.
3.	Implement the Servlet IO and File applications.
a.	Create a Servlet application to upload and download a file.
b.	Develop Simple Servlet Question Answer Application using Database.
c.	Create simple Servlet application to demonstrate Non-Blocking Read Operation.
4.	Implement the following JSP applications.
a.	Develop a simple JSP application to display values obtained from the use of intrinsic objects of various types.
b.	Develop a simple JSP application to pass values from one page to another with validations. (Name-txt, age-txt, hobbies-checkbox, email-txt, gender-radio button).
c.	Create a registration and login JSP application to register and authenticate the user based on username and password using JDBC.

5.	Implement the following JSP JSTL and EL Applications.
a.	Create an html page with fields, eno, name, age, desg, salary. Now on submit this
	data to a JSP page which will update the employee table of database with matching
	eno.
b.	Create a JSP page to demonstrate the use of Expression language.
c.	Create a JSP application to demonstrate the use of JSTL.
6.	Implement the following EJB Applications.
a.	Create a Currency Converter application using EJB.
b.	Develop a Simple Room Reservation System Application Using EJB.
c.	Develop simple shopping cart application using EJB [Stateful Session Bean].
7.	Implement the following EJB applications with different types of Beans.
a.	Develop simple EJB application to demonstrate Servlet Hit count using Singleton
	Session Beans.
b.	Develop simple visitor Statistics application using Message Driven Bean [Stateless
	Session Bean].
c.	Develop simple Marks Entry Application to demonstrate accessing Database using
	EJB.
	2021
8.	Implement the following JPA applications.
<b>8.</b> a.	Implement the following JPA applications.  Develop a simple Inventory Application Using JPA.
	Implement the following JPA applications.  Develop a simple Inventory Application Using JPA.  Develop a Guestbook Application Using JPA.
a.	Implement the following JPA applications.  Develop a simple Inventory Application Using JPA.
a. b.	Implement the following JPA applications.  Develop a simple Inventory Application Using JPA.  Develop a Guestbook Application Using JPA.
a. b.	Implement the following JPA applications.  Develop a simple Inventory Application Using JPA.  Develop a Guestbook Application Using JPA.  Create simple JPA application to store and retrieve Book details.  Implement the following JPA applications with ORM and Hibernate.
a. b. c.	Implement the following JPA applications.  Develop a simple Inventory Application Using JPA.  Develop a Guestbook Application Using JPA.  Create simple JPA application to store and retrieve Book details.  Implement the following JPA applications with ORM and Hibernate.  Develop a JPA Application to demonstrate use of ORM associations.
a. b. c.	Implement the following JPA applications.  Develop a simple Inventory Application Using JPA.  Develop a Guestbook Application Using JPA.  Create simple JPA application to store and retrieve Book details.  Implement the following JPA applications with ORM and Hibernate.  Develop a JPA Application to demonstrate use of ORM associations.  Develop a Hibernate application to store Feedback of Website Visitor in MySQL
a. b. c.  9. a.	Implement the following JPA applications.  Develop a simple Inventory Application Using JPA.  Develop a Guestbook Application Using JPA.  Create simple JPA application to store and retrieve Book details.  Implement the following JPA applications with ORM and Hibernate.  Develop a JPA Application to demonstrate use of ORM associations.  Develop a Hibernate application to store Feedback of Website Visitor in MySQL Database.
a. b. c.  9. a.	Implement the following JPA applications.  Develop a simple Inventory Application Using JPA.  Develop a Guestbook Application Using JPA.  Create simple JPA application to store and retrieve Book details.  Implement the following JPA applications with ORM and Hibernate.  Develop a JPA Application to demonstrate use of ORM associations.  Develop a Hibernate application to store Feedback of Website Visitor in MySQL
a. b. c.  9. a. b.	Implement the following JPA applications.  Develop a simple Inventory Application Using JPA.  Develop a Guestbook Application Using JPA.  Create simple JPA application to store and retrieve Book details.  Implement the following JPA applications with ORM and Hibernate.  Develop a JPA Application to demonstrate use of ORM associations.  Develop a Hibernate application to store Feedback of Website Visitor in MySQL Database.
a. b. c.  9. a. b.	Implement the following JPA applications.  Develop a simple Inventory Application Using JPA.  Develop a Guestbook Application Using JPA.  Create simple JPA application to store and retrieve Book details.  Implement the following JPA applications with ORM and Hibernate.  Develop a JPA Application to demonstrate use of ORM associations.  Develop a Hibernate application to store Feedback of Website Visitor in MySQL Database.  Develop a Hibernate application to store and retrieve employee details in MySQL Database.
a. b. c.  9. a. b.	Implement the following JPA applications.  Develop a simple Inventory Application Using JPA.  Develop a Guestbook Application Using JPA.  Create simple JPA application to store and retrieve Book details.  Implement the following JPA applications with ORM and Hibernate.  Develop a JPA Application to demonstrate use of ORM associations.  Develop a Hibernate application to store Feedback of Website Visitor in MySQL Database.  Develop a Hibernate application to store and retrieve employee details in MySQL Database.  Implement the following Hibernate applications.
a. b. c.  9. a. b.	Implement the following JPA applications.  Develop a simple Inventory Application Using JPA.  Develop a Guestbook Application Using JPA.  Create simple JPA application to store and retrieve Book details.  Implement the following JPA applications with ORM and Hibernate.  Develop a JPA Application to demonstrate use of ORM associations.  Develop a Hibernate application to store Feedback of Website Visitor in MySQL Database.  Develop a Hibernate application to store and retrieve employee details in MySQL Database.  Implement the following Hibernate applications.  Develop an application to demonstrate Hibernate One- To -One Mapping Using
a. b. c.  9. a. b. c.	Implement the following JPA applications.  Develop a simple Inventory Application Using JPA.  Develop a Guestbook Application Using JPA.  Create simple JPA application to store and retrieve Book details.  Implement the following JPA applications with ORM and Hibernate.  Develop a JPA Application to demonstrate use of ORM associations.  Develop a Hibernate application to store Feedback of Website Visitor in MySQL Database.  Develop a Hibernate application to store and retrieve employee details in MySQL Database.  Implement the following Hibernate applications.  Develop an application to demonstrate Hibernate One- To -One Mapping Using Annotation.
a. b. c.  9. a. b. c.	Implement the following JPA applications.  Develop a simple Inventory Application Using JPA.  Develop a Guestbook Application Using JPA.  Create simple JPA application to store and retrieve Book details.  Implement the following JPA applications with ORM and Hibernate.  Develop a JPA Application to demonstrate use of ORM associations.  Develop a Hibernate application to store Feedback of Website Visitor in MySQL Database.  Develop a Hibernate application to store and retrieve employee details in MySQL Database.  Implement the following Hibernate applications.  Develop an application to demonstrate Hibernate One- To -One Mapping Using Annotation.  Develop Hibernate application to enter and retrieve course details with ORM
a. b. c.  9. a. b. c.  10. a.	Implement the following JPA applications.  Develop a simple Inventory Application Using JPA.  Develop a Guestbook Application Using JPA.  Create simple JPA application to store and retrieve Book details.  Implement the following JPA applications with ORM and Hibernate.  Develop a JPA Application to demonstrate use of ORM associations.  Develop a Hibernate application to store Feedback of Website Visitor in MySQL Database.  Develop a Hibernate application to store and retrieve employee details in MySQL Database.  Implement the following Hibernate applications.  Develop an application to demonstrate Hibernate One- To -One Mapping Using Annotation.  Develop Hibernate application to enter and retrieve course details with ORM Mapping.
a. b. c.  9. a. b. c.	Implement the following JPA applications.  Develop a simple Inventory Application Using JPA.  Develop a Guestbook Application Using JPA.  Create simple JPA application to store and retrieve Book details.  Implement the following JPA applications with ORM and Hibernate.  Develop a JPA Application to demonstrate use of ORM associations.  Develop a Hibernate application to store Feedback of Website Visitor in MySQL Database.  Develop a Hibernate application to store and retrieve employee details in MySQL Database.  Implement the following Hibernate applications.  Develop an application to demonstrate Hibernate One- To -One Mapping Using Annotation.  Develop Hibernate application to enter and retrieve course details with ORM

B. Sc. (Information Tech	Semester – V		
Course Name: Next Generation Technologies Practical		Course Code: USIT5P7	
		(Elective II)	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50	minutes)	3	
Credits		2	
		Hours	Marks
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Practical Examination</b>	21/2	50
	Internal		

Practical	Details
No	
1	MongoDB Basics
a	Write a MongoDB query to create and drop database.
b	Write a MongoDB query to create, display and drop collection
c	Write a MongoDB query to insert, query, update and delete a document.
2	Simple Queries with MongoDB
3	Implementing Aggregation
a	Write a MongoDB query to use sum, avg, min and max expression.
b	Write a MongoDB query to use push and addToSet expression.
c	Write a MongoDB query to use first and last expression.
4	Replication, Backup and Restore
a	Write a MongoDB query to create Replica of existing database.
b	Write a MongoDB query to create a backup of existing database.
c	Write a MongoDB query to restore database from the backup.
5	Java and MongoDB
a	Connecting Java with MongoDB and inserting, retrieving, updating and
	deleting.
6	PHP and MongoDB
a	Connecting PHP with MongoDB and inserting, retrieving, updating and
	deleting.
7	Python and MongoDB

a	Connecting Python with MongoDB and inserting, retrieving, updating and deleting.		
	deletting.		
8	Programs on Basic jQuery		
a	jQuery Basic, jQuery Events		
b	jQuery Selectors, jQuery Hide and Show effects		
c	jQuery fading effects, jQuery Sliding effects		
9	jQuery Advanced		
a	jQuery Animation effects, jQuery Chaining		
b	jQuery Callback, jQuery Get and Set Contents		
c	jQuery Insert Content, jQuery Remove Elements and Attribute		
10	JSON		
a	Creating JSON		
b	Parsing JSON		
c	Persisting JSON		
11	Create a JSON file and import it to MongoDB		
a	Export MongoDB to JSON.		
b	Write a MongoDB query to delete JSON object from MongoDB		

## **SEMESTER VI**

B. Sc. (Information Tech	Semester – VI		
<b>Course Name: Software Quality Assurance</b>		Course Code: USIT601	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		5	
Credits		2	
		Hours	Marks
<b>Evaluation System</b>	Theory Examination	21/2	75
	Internal		25

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	Introduction to Quality: Historical Perspective of Quality, What is Quality? (Is it a fact or perception?), Definitions of Quality, Core Components of Quality, Quality View, Financial Aspect of Quality, Customers, Suppliers and Processes, Total Quality Management (TQM), Quality Principles of Total Quality Management, Quality Management Through Statistical Process Control, Quality Management Through Cultural Changes, Continual (Continuous) Improvement Cycle, Quality in Different Areas, Benchmarking and Metrics, Problem Solving Techniques, Problem Solving Software Tools.  Software Quality: Introduction, Constraints of Software Product Quality Assessment, Customer is a King, Quality and Productivity Relationship, Requirements of a Product, Organisation Culture, Characteristics of Software, Software Development Process, Types of Products, Schemes of Criticality Definitions, Problematic Areas of Software Development Life Cycle, Software Quality Management, Why Software Has Defects?Processes Related to Software Quality, Quality Management System Structure, Pillars of Quality Management System, Important Aspects of Quality Management.	12
II	Fundamentals of testing: Introduction, Necessity of testing, What is testing? Fundamental test process, The psychology of testing, Historical Perspective of Testing, Definitions of Testing, Approaches to Testing, Testing During Development Life Cycle, Requirement Traceability Matrix, Essentials of Software Testing, Workbench, Important Features of Testing Process, Misconceptions About Testing,	12

	Principles of Software Testing, Salient Features of Good Testing, Test Policy, Test Strategy or Test Approach, Test Planning, Testing Process and Number of Defects Found in Testing, Test Team Efficiency, Mutation Testing, Challenges in Testing, Test Team Approach, Process Problems Faced by Testing, Cost Aspect of Testing, Establishing Testing Policy, Methods, Structured Approach to Testing, Categories of Defect, Defect, Error, or Mistake in Software, Developing Test Strategy, Developing Testing Methodologies (Test Plan), Testing Process, Attitude Towards Testing (Common People Issues), Test Methodologies/Approaches, People Challenges in Software Testing, Raising Management Awareness for Testing, Skills Required by Tester, Testing throughout the software life cycle, Software development models, Test levels, Test types, the targets of testing, Maintenance testing	
III	Unit Testing: Boundary Value Testing: Normal Boundary Value Testing, Robust Boundary Value Testing, Worst-Case Boundary ValueTesting, Special Value Testing, Examples, Random Testing, Guidelines for Boundary Value Testing, Equivalence Class Testing: Equivalence Classes, Traditional Equivalence Class Testing, Improved Equivalence Class Testing, Edge Testing, Guidelines and Observations. Decision Table—Based Testing: Decision Tables, Decision Table Techniques, Cause-and-Effect Graphing, Guidelines and Observations, Path Testing: Program Graphs, DD-Paths, Test Coverage Metrics, Basis Path Testing, Guidelines and Observations, Data Flow Testing: Define/Use Testing, Slice-Based Testing, Program Slicing Tools.	12
IV	Software Verification and Validation:Introduction, Verification, Verification Workbench, Methods of Verification, Types of reviews on the basis od Stage Phase, Entities involved in verification, Reviews in testing lifecycle, Coverage in Verification, Concerns of Verification, Validation, Validation Workbench, Levels of Validation, Coverage in Validation, Acceptance Testing, Management of Verification and Validation, Software development verification and validation activities.  V-test Model:Introduction, V-model for software, Testing during Proposal stage, Testing during requirement stage, Testing during test planning phase, Testing during design phase, Testing during coding, VV Model, Critical Roles and Responsibilities.	12
V	Levels of Testing: Introduction, Proposal Testing, Requirement Testing, Design Testing, Code Review, Unit Testing, Module Testing, Integration Testing, Big-Bang Testing, Sandwich Testing, Critical Path First, Sub System Testing, System Testing, Testing Stages.  Special Tests:Introduction, GUI testing, Compatibility Testing, Security Testing, Performance Testing, Volume Testing, Stress Testing, Recovery Testing, Installation Testing, Requirement Testing, Regression Testing, Error Handling Testing, Manual Support Testing,	12

Intersystem Testing, Control Testing, Smoke Testing, Adhoc Testing, Parallel Testing, Execution Testing, Operations Testing, Compliance Testing, Usability Testing, Decision Table Testing, Documentation Testing, Training testing, Rapid Testing, Control flow graph, Generating tests on the basis of Combinatorial Designs, State Graph, Risk Associated with New Technologies, Process maturity level of Technology, Testing Adequacy of Control in New technology usage, Object Oriented Application Testing, Testing of Internal Controls, COTS Testing, Client Server Testing, Web Application Testing, Mobile Application Testing, eBusiness eCommerce Testing, Agile Development Testing, Data Warehousing Testing.

Books a	Books and References:					
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year	
1.	Software Testing and	William E. Lewis	CRC	Third	2016	
	Continuous Quality		Press			
	Improvement					
2	Software Testing:	M. G. Limaye	TMH		2017	
	Principles, Techniques					
	and Tools					
3.	Foundations of Software	Dorothy Graham, Erik	Cengage	3 <sup>rd</sup>		
	Testing	van Veenendaal,	Learning			
		Isabel Evans, Rex				
		Black				
4.	Software Testing: A	Paul C. Jorgenson	CRC	4 <sup>th</sup>	2017	
	Craftsman's Approach		Press			

B. Sc. (Information Technology)		Semester – VI	
Course Name: Security in Computing		Course Code: USIT602	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50	iod is 50 minutes) 5		5
Credits		2	
		Hours	Marks
<b>Evaluation System</b>	Theory Examination	21/2	75
-	Internal		25

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	Information Security Overview: The Importance of Information	
	Protection, The Evolution of Information Security, Justifying Security	
	Investment, Security Methodology, How to Build a Security Program,	
	The Impossible Job, The Weakest Link, Strategy and Tactics,	12
	Business Processes vs. Technical Controls.	12
	<b>Risk Analysis</b> : Threat Definition, Types of Attacks, Risk Analysis.	
	Secure Design Principles: The CIA Triad and Other Models, Defense	
	Models, Zones of Trust, Best Practices for Network Defense.	
II	Authentication and Authorization: Authentication, Authorization	
	<b>Encryption</b> : A Brief History of Encryption, Symmetric-Key	
	Cryptography, Public Key Cryptography, Public Key Infrastructure.	
	Storage Security: Storage Security Evolution, Modern Storage	
	Security, Risk Remediation, Best Practices.	12
	Database Security: General Database Security Concepts,	12
	Understanding Database Security Layers, Understanding Database-	
	Level Security, Using Application Security, Database Backup and	
	Recovery, Keeping Your Servers Up to Date, Database Auditing and	
	Monitoring.	
III	Secure Network Design: Introduction to Secure Network Design,	
	Performance, Availability, Security.	
	Network Device Security: Switch and Router Basics, Network	12
	Hardening.	
	Firewalls: Overview, The Evolution of Firewalls, Core Firewall	

	Functions, Additional Firewall Capabilities, Firewall Design.		
	Wireless Network Security: Radio Frequency Security Basics, Data-		
	Link Layer Wireless Security Features, Flaws, and Threats, Wireless		
	Vulnerabilities and Mitigations, Wireless Network Hardening		
	Practices and Recommendations, Wireless Intrusion Detection and		
	Prevention, Wireless Network Positioning and Secure Gateways.		
IV	Intrusion Detection and Prevention Systems: IDS Concepts, IDS		
	Types and Detection Models, IDS Features, IDS Deployment		
	Considerations, Security Information and Event Management (SIEM).		
	Voice over IP (VoIP) and PBX Security: Background, VoIP		
	Components, VoIP Vulnerabilities and Countermeasures, PBX, TEM:	12	
	Telecom Expense Management.		
	Operating System Security Models: Operating System Models,		
	Classic Security Models, Reference Monitor, Trustworthy Computing,		
	International Standards for Operating System Security.		
V	Virtual Machines and Cloud Computing: Virtual Machines, Cloud		
	Computing.		
	Secure Application Design: Secure Development Lifecycle,		
	Application Security Practices, Web Application Security, Client	10	
	Application Security, Remote Administration Security.	12	
	<b>Physical Security</b> : Classification of Assets, Physical Vulnerability		
	Assessment, Choosing Site Location for Security, Securing Assets:		
	Locks and Entry Controls, Physical Intrusion Detection.		

Books a	Books and References:					
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year	
1.	TheCompleteReference: Information Security	Mark Rhodes- Ousley	McGraw- Hill	2 <sup>nd</sup>	2013	
2.	Essential Cybersecurity Science	Josiah Dykstra	O'Reilly	Fifth	2017	
3.	Principles of Computer Security: CompTIA Security+ and Beyond	Wm.Arthur Conklin, Greg White	McGraw Hill	Second	2010	

B. Sc. (Information Technology)		Semester – VI	
Course Name: Business Intelligence		Course Code: USIT603	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50		5	
Credits		2	
		Hours	Marks
<b>Evaluation System</b>	Theory Examination	21/2	75
	Internal		25

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	Business intelligence: Effective and timely decisions, Data, information and knowledge, The role of mathematical models, Business intelligence architectures, Ethics and business intelligence  Decision support systems: Definition of system, Representation of the decision-making process, Evolution of information systems, Definition of decision support system, Development of a decision support system	12
II	Mathematical models for decision making: Structure of mathematical models, Development of a model, Classes of models  Data mining: Definition of data mining, Representation of input data, Data mining process, Analysis methodologies  Data preparation: Data validation, Data transformation, Data reduction	12
III	Classification: Classification problems, Evaluation of classification models, Bayesian methods, Logistic regression, Neural networks, Support vector machines Clustering: Clustering methods, Partition methods, Hierarchical methods, Evaluation of clustering models	12
IV	Business intelligence applications: Marketing models: Relational marketing, Sales force management, Logistic and production models: Supply chain optimization, Optimization models for logistics planning, Revenue management systems.	12

	Data envelopment analysis: Efficiency measures, Efficient frontier,	
	The CCR model, Identification of good operating practices	
$\mathbf{V}$	Knowledge Management: Introduction to Knowledge Management,	
	Organizational Learning and Transformation, Knowledge Management	
	Activities, Approaches to Knowledge Management, Information	
	Technology (IT) In Knowledge Management, Knowledge Management	
	Systems Implementation, Roles of People in Knowledge Management	12
	Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems:	12
	Concepts and Definitions of Artificial Intelligence, Artificial	
	Intelligence Versus Natural Intelligence, Basic Concepts of Expert	
	Systems, Applications of Expert Systems, Structure of Expert Systems,	
	Knowledge Engineering, Development of Expert Systems	

Books and References:					
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year
1.	Business Intelligence: Data Mining and Optimization for	Carlo Vercellis	Wiley	First	2009
	Decision Making	Efecies Trule on	Dagger	Nimala	2011
2.	Decision support and Business Intelligence Systems	Efraim Turban, Ramesh Sharda, Dursun Delen		Ninth	2011
3.	Fundamental of Business Intelligence	Grossmann W, Rinderle-Ma	Springer	First	2015

B. Sc. (Information Technology)		Semester – VI	
Course Name: Principles of Geo	Course Name: Principles of Geographic Information		ode: USIT604
Systems		<b>(E</b>	Elective I)
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		5	
Credits		2	
		Hours	Marks
<b>Evaluation System</b>	Theory Examination	21/2	75
	Internal		25

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	A Gentle Introduction to GIS The nature of GIS: Some fundamental observations, Defining GIS, GISystems, GIScience and GIApplications, Spatial data and Geoinformation. The real world and representations of it: Models and modelling, Maps, Databases, Spatial databases and spatial analysis  Geographic Information and Spatial Database Models and Representations of the real world Geographic Phenomena: Defining geographic phenomena, types of geographic phenomena, Geographic fields, Geographic objects, Boundaries Computer Representations of Geographic Information: Regular tessellations, irregular tessellations, Vector representations, Topology and Spatial relationships, Scale and Resolution, Representation of Geographic fields, Representation of Geographic objects Organizing and Managing Spatial Data The Temporal Dimension	12
II	Data Management and Processing Systems Hardware and Software Trends Geographic Information Systems: GIS Software, GIS Architecture	12

	and functionality, Spatial Data Infrastructure (SDI)  Stages of Spatial Data handling: Spatial data handling and preparation, Spatial Data Storage and maintenance, Spatial Query and Analysis, Spatial Data Presentation.  Database management Systems: Reasons for using a DBMS, Alternatives for data management, The relational data model, Querying the relational database.  GIS and Spatial Databases: Linking GIS and DBMS, Spatial database functionality.	
III	Spatial Referencing and Positioning Spatial Referencing: Reference surfaces for mapping, Coordinate Systems, Map Projections, Coordinate Transformations Satellite-based Positioning: Absolute positioning, Errors in absolute positioning, Relative positioning, Network positioning, code versus phase measurements, Positioning technology  Data Entry and Preparation Spatial Data Input: Direct spatial data capture, Indirect spatial data captiure, Obtaining spatial data elsewhere Data Quality: Accuracy and Positioning, Positional accuracy, Attribute accuracy, Temporal accuracy, Lineage, Completeness, Logical consistency Data Preparation: Data checks and repairs, Combining data from multiple sources Point Data Transformation: Interpolating discrete data, Interpolating continuous data	12
IV	Spatial Data Analysis Classification of analytical GIS Capabilities Retrieval, classification and measurement: Measurement, Spatial selection queries, Classification Overlay functions: Vector overlay operators, Raster overlay operators Neighbourhood functions: Proximity computations, Computation of diffusion, Flow computation, Raster based surface analysis Analysis: Network analysis, interpolation, terrain modeling GIS and Application models: GPS, Open GIS Standards, GIS Applications and Advances Error Propagation in spatial data processing: How Errors propagate, Quantifying error propagation	12
V	Data Visualization GIS and Maps, The Visualization Process Visualization Strategies: Present or explore? The cartographic toolbox: What kind of data do I have?, How can I map my data? How to map?: How to map qualitative data, How to map quantitative data, How to map the terrain elevation, How to map time series	12

### **Map Cosmetics, Map Dissemination**

Books	and References:				
Sr.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year
No.					
1.	Principles of	Editors: Otto	The	Fourth	2009
	Geographic	Huisman and Rolf	International		
	Information Systems-	A.	Institute of		
	An Introductory Text		Geoinformation		
	Book		Science and		
			Earth		
			Observation		
2.	Principles of	P.A Burrough and	Oxford	Third	1999
	Geographic	R.A.McDonnell	University		
	Information Systems		Press		
3.	Fundamentals of	R.Laurini and D.	Academic		1994
	Spatial Information	Thompson,	Press		
	Systems,				
4.	Fundamentals of	Michael N.Demers	Wiley	Fourth	2009
	Geographic		Publications		
	Information Systems				
5.	Introduction to	Chang Kang-tsung	McGrawHill	Any	2013
	Geographic	(Karl),		above	7 <sup>th</sup>
	Information Systems			3 <sup>rd</sup>	Edition
				Edition	
6.	GIS Fundamentals: A	Paul Bolsatd	XanEdu	5 <sup>th</sup>	
	First Text on		Publishing Inc	Edition	
	Geographic				
	Information Systems				

B. Sc. (Information Tech	Semester – VI		
Course Name: Enterprise Netwo	Course Code: USIT605 (Elective II)		
Periods per week (1 Period is 50	Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		
Credits		2	
<b>Evaluation System</b>	21/2	75	
	Internal		25

Unit	Details	Lectures			
I	General Network Design: Network Design Methodology,				
	Architectures for the Enterprise, Borderless Networks Architecture,				
	Collaboration and Video Architecture, Data Center and Virtualization				
	Architecture, Design Lifecycle: Plan, Build, Manage Plan Phase Build				
	Phase Manage Phase Prepare, Plan, Design, Implement, Operate, and				
	Optimize Phases Prepare Phase Plan Phase Design Phase Implement				
	Phase Operate Phase Optimize Phase Summary of PPDIOO Phases				
	Project Deliverables Design Methodology Identifying Customer				
	Design Requirements Characterizing the Existing Network Steps in				
	Gathering Information Network Audit Tools Network Checklist				
	Designing the Network Topology and Solutions Top-Down Approach				
	Pilot and Prototype Tests Design Document				
		12			
	Network Design Models: Hierarchical Network Models Benefits of				
	the Hierarchical Model, Hierarchical Network Design, Core Layer,				
	Distribution Layer, Access Layer, Hierarchical Model Examples,				
	Hub-and-Spoke, Design Collapsed Core, Design Enterprise				
	Architecture Model, Enterprise Campus Module, Enterprise Edge				
	Area, E-Commerce Module, Internet Connectivity Module,				
	VPN/Remote Access, Enterprise WAN, Service Provider Edge				
	Module, Remote Modules, Enterprise Branch Module, Enterprise				
	Data Center Module, Enterprise Teleworker Module, High				
	Availability Network Services, Workstation-to-Router Redundancy				
	and LAN, High Availability Protocols, ARP Explicit Configuration,				
	RDP, RIP, HSRP, VRRP, GLBP, Server Redundancy, Route				

	Redundancy, Load Balancing, Increasing Availability, Link Media Redundancy	
II	Enterprise LAN Design: LAN Media, Ethernet Design Rules, 100Mbps Fast Ethernet Design Rules, Gigabit Ethernet Design Rules, 1000BASE-LX Long-Wavelength Gigabit Ethernet, 1000BASE-SX Short-Wavelength Gigabit Ethernet, 1000BASE-CX Gigabit Ethernet over Coaxial Cable, 1000BASE-T Gigabit Ethernet over UTP 86, 10 Gigabit Ethernet Design Rules, 10GE Media Types, EtherChannel, Comparison of Campus Media LAN Hardware, Repeaters, Hubs, Bridges, Switches, Routers, Layer 3 Switches, Campus LAN Design and Best Practices Best Practices for Hierarchical Layers, Access Layer Best Practices, Distribution Layer Best Practices, Core Layer Best Practices, STP Design Considerations, STP Toolkit, PortFast, UplinkFast, BackboneFast, Loop Guard, Root Guard, BPDU Guard, BPDU Filter, VLAN and Trunk Considerations, Unidirectional Link Detection (UDLD) Protocol, Large-Building LANs, Enterprise Campus LANs, Edge Distribution, Medium-Size LANs, Small and Remote Site LANs, Server Farm Module, Server Connectivity Options, Enterprise Data Center Infrastructure, Campus LAN QoS Considerations, Multicast Traffic Considerations, CGMP, IGMP Snooping.  Data Center Design: Enterprise DC Architecture, Data Center Foundation Components, Data Center Topology Components, Data Center Network Programmability, SDN, Controllers, APIs, ACI, Challenges in the DC, Data Center Facility Aspects, Data Center Space, Data Center Power, Data Center Facility Aspects, Data Center Storage, Data Center Reference Architecture, Defining the DC Access Layer, Defining the DC Aggregation Layer, Defining the DC Access Layer, Defining the DC Aggregation Layer, Defining the DC Access Layer, Security in the DC, Fabric Extenders, Virtualization Overview, Challenges, Defining Virtualization, Virtualization Technologies, VSS, VRF, vPC, Device Contexts, Server Virtualization, Server Scaling, Virtual Switching, Network Virtualization Design Considerations, Access Control, Path Isolation, Services Edge, Data Center Interconnect, DCI Use Cases, DCI Transport Options, DCI L2 Considerati	12
III	Wireless LAN Design: Wireless LAN Technologies, WLAN	
	Standards, ISM and UNII Frequencies, Summary of WLAN Standards, Service Set Identifier, WLAN Layer 2 Access Method, WLAN Security, Unauthorized Access, WLAN Security Design Approach, IEEE 802.1X-2001 Port-Based Authentication, Dynamic WEP Keys and LEAP, Controlling WLAN Access to Servers, WLAN Authentication, Authentication Options, WLAN Controller Components, WLC Interface Types, AP Controller Equipment	12

Scaling, Roaming and Mobility Groups, Intracontroller Roaming, Layer 2 Intercontroller Roaming, Layer 3 Intercontroller Roaming, Mobility Groups, WLAN Design, Controller Redundancy Design: Deterministic vs. Dynamic, N+1 WLC Redundancy, N+N WLC Redundancy, N+N+1 WLC Redundancy, Radio Management and Radio Groups, RF Groups, RF Site Survey, Using EoIP Tunnels for Guest Services, Wireless Mesh for Outdoor Wireless, Mesh Design Recommendations, Campus Design Considerations, Power over Ethernet (PoE), Wireless and Quality of Service (QoS), Branch Design Considerations, Local MAC, REAP, Hybrid REAP, Branch Office Controller Options.

WAN Technologies and the Enterprise Edge: WAN and Enterprise Edge Overview, Definition of WAN, WAN Edge Module, Enterprise Edge Modules, WAN Transport Technologies, ISDN, ISDN BRI Service, ISDN PRI Service, Digital Subscriber Line, Cable, Wireless, Frame Relay, Time-Division Multiplexing, Metro Ethernet. SONET/SDH, Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS), Dark Fiber, Wavelength-Division Multiplexing, Ordering Dense Technology and Contracts, WAN and Edge Design Methodologies, Response Time, Throughput, Reliability, Bandwidth Considerations, WAN Link Categories, Optimizing Bandwidth Using QoS, Queuing, Shaping and Policing, Classification, Congestion Traffic Management, Priority Queuing, Custom Queuing, Weighted Fair Queuing, Class-Based Weighted Fair Queuing, Low-Latency Queuing, Traffic Shaping and Policing, Link Efficiency, Window Size, DMZ Connectivity, Segmenting DMZs, DMZ Services, Internet Connectivity, Centralized Internet (Branch) vs. Direct Internet (Branch), High Availability for the Internet Edge, VPN Network Design.

#### **WAN Design**

Traditional WAN Technologies Hub-and-Spoke Topology Full-Mesh Topology Partial-Mesh Topology Point-to-Point Topology Remote Site Connectivity

Enterprise VPN vs. Service Provider VPN Enterprise Managed VPN: IPsec IPsec Direct Encapsulation Generic Routing Encapsulation IPsec DMVPN IPsec Virtual Tunnel Interface Design GETVPN Service Provider-Managed Offerings ,Metro Ethernet Service Provider VPNs: L2 vs. L3 ,Virtual Private Wire Services VPWS L2 VPN Considerations ,Virtual Private LAN Services VPLS L2 VPN Considerations ,MPLS, MPLS Layer 3 Design Overview MPLS L3 VPN Considerations ,VPN Benefits WAN Backup Design WAN Backup over the Internet Enterprise WAN Architecture Cisco Enterprise MAN/WAN Enterprise WAN/MAN Architecture Comparison ,Enterprise WAN Components Comparing Hardware and Software Enterprise Branch Architecture Branch Design Branch

Connectivity Redundancy for Branches Single WAN Carrier vs. Dual WAN Carriers Single MPLS Carrier Site ,Dual MPLS Carriers Hybrid WAN: L3 VPN with IPsec VPN ,Internet for Branches Flat Layer 2 vs. Collapsed Core ,Enterprise Branch Profiles Small Branch Design Medium Branch Design Large Branch Design Enterprise Teleworker Design ,ISRs for Teleworkers IVInternet Protocol Version 4 Design, IPv4 Header ToS IPv4 Fragmentation IPv4 Addressing ,IPv4 Address Classes Class A Addresses Class B Addresses ,Class C Addresses Class D Addresses Class E Addresses ,IPv4 Address Types IPv4 Private Addresses NAT ,IPv4 Address Subnets Mask Nomenclature IP Address Subnet Design Example Determining the Network Portion of an IP Address Variable-Length Subnet Masks, Loopback Addresses IP Telephony Networks ,IPv4 Addressing Design Goal of IPv4 Address Design , Plan for Future Use of IPv4 Addresses, Performing Route Summarization, Plan for a Hierarchical IP Address Network, Private and Public IP Address and NAT Guidelines, Steps for Creating an IPv4 Address Plan Case Study: IP Address Subnet Allocation, Address Assignment and Name Resolution , Recommended Practices of IP Address Assignment, BOOTP DHCP DNS, Internet Protocol Version 6 Design, IPv6 Header IPv6 Address Representation IPv4-Compatible IPv6 Addresses IPv6 Prefix Representation IPv6 Address Scope Types and Address Allocations IPv6 Address Allocations IPv6 Unicast Address Global Unicast Addresses Link-Local Addresses, Unique Local IPv6 Address Global Aggregatable IPv6 Address, IPv4-Compatible IPv6 Address IPv6 Anycast Addresses , IPv6 12 Multicast Addresses IPv6 Mechanisms ICMPv6, IPv6 Neighbor Discovery Protocol IPv6 Name Resolution, Path MTU Discovery IPv6 Address-Assignment Strategies, Manual Configuration SLAAC of Link-Local Address, SLAAC of Globally Unique IPv6 Address DHCPv6, DHCPv6 Lite IPv6 Security IPv6 Routing Protocols RIPng OSPFv3, BGP4 Multiprotocol Extensions (MP-BGP) for IPv6 , IPv6 Addressing Design , Planning for Addressing with IPv6 , Route Summarization with IPv6 IPv6 Private Addressing IPv6 for the Enterprise IPv6 Address Allocation, Partly Linked IPv4 Address into IPv6, Whole IPv4 Address Linked into IPv6 IPv6 Addresses Allocated Per Location and/or Type, IPv4-to-IPv6 Transition Mechanisms and Deployment Models , Dual-Stack Mechanism IPv6 over IPv4 Tunnels , Protocol Translation Mechanisms IPv6 Deployment Models, Dual-Stack Model Hybrid Model Service Block Model ,IPv6 Deployment Model Comparison IPv6 Comparison with IPv4, OSPF, BGP, Route Manipulation, and IP Multicast, OSPFv2 OSPFv2 Metric OSPFv2 Adjacencies and Hello Timers, OSPFv2 Areas OSPF Area Design Considerations OSPF Router Types OSPF DRs LSA Types Autonomous System External Path Types OSPF Stub Area Types Stub Areas Totally Stubby Areas.

NSSAs Virtual Links OSPFv2 Router Authentication , OSPFv2 Summary OSPFv3 OSPFv3 Changes from OSPFv2, OSPFv3 Areas and Router Types OSPFv3 LSAs OSPFv3 Summary

BGP BGP Neighbors eBGP iBGP Route Reflectors Confederations BGP Administrative Distance , BGP Attributes, Weight, and the BGP Decision Process

BGP Path Attributes Next-Hop Attribute Local Preference Attribute Origin Attribute Autonomous System Path Attribute

MED Attribute Community Attribute Atomic Aggregate and Aggregator Attributes Weight BGP Decision Process , BGP Summary , Route Manipulation PBR Route Summarization

Route Redistribution Default Metric OSPF Redistribution Route Filtering Transit Traffic Routing Protocols on the Hierarchical Network Infrastructure IP Multicast Review , Multicast Addresses Layer 3 to Layer 2 Mapping IGMP , IGMPv1 IGMPv2 IGMPv3 CGMP IGMP Snooping , Sparse Versus Dense Multicast Multicast Source and Shared Trees PIM PIM-SM PIM DR Auto-RP PIMv2 Bootstrap Router , DVMRP IPv6 Multicast Addresses

V Managing Security

Network Security Overview Security Legislation Security Threats Reconnaissance and Port Scanning Vulnerability Scanners Unauthorized Access Security Risks Targets Loss of Availability Integrity Violations and Confidentiality Breaches, Security Policy and Process Security Policy Defined, Basic Approach of a Security Policy Purpose of Security Policies, Security Policy Components Risk Assessment, Risk Index Continuous Security Integrating Security Mechanisms into Network Design Trust and Identity Management, Trust Domains of Trust Identity Passwords Tokens Certificates, Network Access Control Secure Services Encryption Fundamentals Encryption Keys VPN Protocols, Transmission Confidentiality Data Integrity Threat Defense, Physical Security Infrastructure Protection Security Management Solutions Security Solution Network Security Platforms, Trust and Identity Technologies Firewall Fundamentals, Types of Firewalls Next-Gen Firewalls NAT Placement, Firewall Guidelines Firewall ACLs, Identity and Access Control Deployments Detecting and Mitigating Threats IPS/IDS Fundamentals IPS/IDS Guidelines, Threat Detection and Mitigation Technologies, Threat-Detection and Threat-Mitigation Solutions, FirePOWER IPS Security Management Applications, Security Platform Solutions Security Management Network

Integrating Security into Network Devices IOS Security, ISR G2 Security Hardware Options Securing the Enterprise, Implementing Security in the Campus Implementing Security in the Data Center Implementing Security in the Enterprise Edge

Network Management Protocols, Simple Network Management Protocol SNMP Components , MIB SNMP Message Versions

12

SNMPv1	SNMPv2	SNMPv3	,	Other	Network	Management	
Technolog	ies RMON	, RMON2	Ne	tFlow (	Compared t	o RMON and	
SNMP, C	DP LLDP S	yslog			-		

Books a	nd References:				
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year
1.	CCDA200-310Official	ANTHONY BRUNO,	Cisco		
	Cert Guide	CCIE No. 2738	Press		
		STEVE JORDAN,			
		CCIE No. 11293			
2.	Network Warrior	Gary A Donabue	O Reilly	2 <sup>nd</sup>	2011

B. Sc. (Information Technol	Semeste	r – VI	
Course Name: IT Services Management		Course Code: USIT606	
		( <b>L</b>	Elective I)
Periods per week (1 Period is 50	minutes),	5	
Credits		2	
		Hours	Marks
<b>Evaluation System Theory Examination</b>		21/2	75
	Internal		25

Unit	Details	Lectures
I	IT Service Management: Introduction, What is service management?  What are services? Business Process Principles of Service	
	What are services? Business Process, Principles of Service management: Specialisation and Coordination, The agency principle, Encapsulation, Principles of systems, The service Life Cycle, Functions and processes across the life cycle.  Service Strategy Principles: Value creation, Service Assets, Service Provider Service Structures, Service Strategy Principles.  Service Strategy:Define the market, Develop the offerings, Develop Strategic Assets, Prepare for execution.  Challenges, Critical Success factors and risks:Complexity, Coordination and Control, Preserving value, Effectiveness in	12
	measurement, Risks.	
II	Service Design: Fundamentals, Service Design Principles: Goals, Balanced Design, Identifying Service requirements, identifying and documenting business requirements and drivers, Design activities, Design aspects, Subsequent design activities, Design constraints, Service oriented architecture, Business Service Management, Service Design Models  Service Design Processes: Service Catalogue Management, Service Level Management, Capacity Management, Availability Management, IT Service Continuity Management, Information Security	12

	Management, Supplier Management	
	Challenges, Critical Success factors and risks: Challenges, Risks	
III	Service Transition: Fundamentals, Service Transition Principles: Principles Supporting Service Transition, Policies for Service Transition  Service Transition Processes: Transition planning and support, Change Management, Service Asses Configuration Management, Service and Deployment Management, Service Validation and Testing, Evaluation, Knowledge Management.  Challenges, Critical Success factors and risks: Challenges, Critical	12
	Success factors, Risks, Service Transition under difficult Conditions.	
IV	Service Operation: Fundamentals, Service Operation Principles: Functions, groups, teams, departments and divisions, Achieving balance in service operations, Providing service, Operation staff involvement in service design and service transition, Operational Health, Communication, Documentation  Service Operation Processes:Event Management, Incident Management, Request fulfilment, Problem Management, Access Management, Operational activities of processes covered in other lifecycle phases.  Challenges, Critical Success factors and risks:Challenges, Critical Success factors, Risks	12
V	Continual Service Improvement(CSI) Principles: CSI Approach, CSI and organizational change, Ownership, CSI register, External and Internal drivers, Service level management, Knowledge management, The Deming cycle, Service Measurement, IT governance, Frameworks, models, standards and quality Systems, CSI inputs and outputs.  CSI Process: The seven step improvement process. CSI Methods nad Techniques: Methods and techniques, Assessments, benchmarking, Service Measurement, Metrics, Return on Investment, Service reporting, CSI and other service management processes, Organising for CSI:Organisational development, Functions, roles, Customer Engagement, Responsibility model - RACI, Competence and training.  Technology considerations: Tools to support CSI activities. Implementing CSI:Critical Considerations for implementing CSI,The start, Governance, CSI and organisational change, Communication Strategy and Plan	12

Books and References:						
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year	
1.	ITIL v3 Foundation				2009	
	Complete Certification					
	Kit					
2.	ITIL v3 Service Strategy		OGC/TSO			

3.	ITIL v3 Service	OGC/TSO		
	Transition			
4.	ITIL v3 Service	OGC/TSO		
	Operation			
5.	ITIL Continual Service	TSO	2011	2011
	Improvement			

B. Sc. (Information Tech	Semester – VI		
Course Name: Cyber Laws			ode: USIT607
·			Elective I)
Periods per week (1 Period is 50	5		
Credits		2	
		Hours	Marks
<b>Evaluation System</b>	21/2	75	
	Internal		25

Unit	Details	Lectures
Unit I	Power of Arrest Without Warrant Under the IT Act, 2000: A Critique, Crimes of this Millennium, Section 80 of the IT Act, 2000 – A Weapon or a Farce? Forgetting the Line Between Cognizable and Non-Cognizable Offences, Necessity of Arrest without Warrant from Any Place, Public or Otherwise, Check and Balances Against Arbitrary Arrests, Arrest for "About to Commit" an Offence Under the IT Act: A Tribute to Draco, Arrest, But NO Punishment!  Cyber Crime and Criminal Justice: Penalties, Adjudication and Appeals Under the IT Act, 2000: Concept of "Cyber Crime" and the IT Act, 2000, Hacking, Teenage Web Vandals, Cyber Fraud and Cyber Cheating, Virus on the Internet, Defamation, Harassment and Email Abuse, Cyber Pornography, Other IT Act Offences, Monetary Penalties, Adjudication and Appeals Under IT Act, 2000, Network Service Providers, Jurisdiction and Cyber Crime, Nature of Cyber	Lectures 12
	Criminality, Strategies to Tackle Cyber Crime and Trends, Criminal Justice in India and Implications on Cyber Crime.	
II	Contracts in the Infotech World: Contracts in the Infotech World, Click-Wrap and Shrink-Wrap Contract: Status under the Indian	12

	Contract Act, 1872, Contract Formation Under the Indian Contract	
	Act, 1872, Contract Formation on the Internet, Terms and Conditions	
	of Contracts.	
	<b>Jurisdiction in the Cyber World:</b> Questioning the Jurisdiction and	
	Validity of the Present Law of Jurisdiction, Civil Law of Jurisdiction	
	in India, Cause of Action, Jurisdiction and the Information	
	Technology Act,2000, Foreign Judgements in India, Place of Cause of	
	Action in Contractual and IPR Disputes, Exclusion Clauses in	
	Contracts, Abuse of Exclusion Clauses, Objection of Lack of	
	Jurisdiction, Misuse of the Law of Jurisdiction, Legal Principles on	
	Jurisdiction in the United State of America, Jurisdiction Disputes	
	w.r.t. the Internet in the United State of America.	
III	<b>Battling Cyber Squatters and Copyright Protection in the Cyber</b>	
	World: Concept of Domain Name and Reply to Cyber Squatters,	
	Meta-Tagging, Legislative and Other Innovative Moves Against	
	Cyber Squatting, The Battle Between Freedom and Control on the	
	Internet, Works in Which Copyright Subsists and meaning of	
	Copyright, Copyright Ownership and Assignment, License of	
	Copyright, Copyright Terms and Respect for Foreign Works,	
	Copyright Infringement, Remedies and Offences, Copyright	12
	Protection of Content on the Internet; Copyright Notice, Disclaimer	
	and Acknowledgement, Downloading for Viewing Content on the	
	Internet, Hyper-Linking and Framing, Liability of ISPs for Copyright	
	Violation in the Cyber World: Legal Developments in the US, Napster	
	and its Cousins: A Revolution on the Internet but a Crisis for	
TX 7	Copyright Owners, Computer Software Piracy.	
IV	E-Commerce Taxation: Real Problems in the Virtual World: A	
	Tug of War on the Concept of 'Permanent Establishment', Finding the	
	PE in Cross Border E-Commerce, The United Nations Model Tax	
	Treaty, The Law of Double Taxation Avoidance Agreements and	
	Taxable Jurisdiction Over Non-Residents, Under the Income Tax Act,	
	1961, Tax Agents of Non-Residents under the Income Tax Act,1961	
	and the Relevance to E-Commerce, Source versus Residence and	12
	Classification between Business Income and Royalty, The Impact of	
	the Internet on Customer Duties, Taxation Policies in India: At a	
	Glance.	
	Digital Signature, Certifying Authorities and E-Governance:	
	Digital Signatures, Digital Signature Certificate, Certifying	
	Authorities and Liability in the Event of Digital Signature	
	Compromise, E-Governance in India: A Warning to Babudom!	
V	The Indian Evidence Act of 1872 v. Information Technology Act,	
	<b>2000:</b> Status of Electronic Records as Evidence, Proof and	
	Management of Electronic Records; Relevancy, Admissibility and	
	Probative Value of E-Evidence, Proving Digital Signatures, Proof of	12
	Electronic Agreements, Proving Electronic Messages, Other	
	Amendments in the Indian Evidence Act by the IT Act, Amendments	
	to the Bankers Books Evidence Act, 1891 and Reserve Bank of India	

Act, 1934.

Protection of Cyber Consumers in India: Are Cyber Consumers
Covered Under the Consumer Protection Act? Goods and Services,
Consumer Complaint, Defect in Goods and Deficiency in Services,
Restrictive and Unfair Trade Practices, Instances of Unfair Trade
Practices, Reliefs Under CPA, Beware Consumers, Consumer Foras,
Jurisdiction and Implications on cyber Consumers in India,
Applicability of CPA to Manufacturers, Distributors, Retailers and
Service Providers Based in Foreign Lands Whose Goods are Sold or
Services Provided to a Consumer in India.
Amendments in Indian IT Act 2000

Books and References:					
Sr. No.	Title	Author/s	Publisher	Edition	Year
1.	Cyber Law Simplified	Vivek Sood	TMH		2001
			Education		
2.	Cybersecurity Law	Jeff Kosseff	Wiley		2017

B. Sc. (Information Technology)		Semester – VI		
Course Name: Project Implementation			ode: USIT6P1	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)			3	
Credits		2		
		Hours	Marks	
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Practical Examination</b>	21/2	50	
	Internal		-	

The details are given in Appendix – I

B. Sc. (Information Technology)		Semester – vi	
Course Name: Security in Computing Practical		Course Code: USIT6P2	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)			3
Credits			2
		Hours	Marks
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Practical Examination</b>	21/2	50
	Internal		-

Practical No	Details
110	
1	Configure Routers
a	OSPF MD5 authentication.
b	NTP.
c	to log messages to the syslog server.
d	to support SSH connections.
2	Configure AAA Authentication
a	Configure a local user account on Router and configure authenticate on the console
	and vty lines using local AAA
b	Verify local AAA authentication from the Router console and the PC-A client
3	Configuring Extended ACLs
a	Configure, Apply and Verify an Extended Numbered ACL
4	Configure IP ACLs to Mitigate Attacks and IPV6 ACLs

	Ţ
a	Verify connectivity among devices before firewall configuration.
b	Use ACLs to ensure remote access to the routers is available only from
	management station PC-C.
С	Configure ACLs on to mitigate attacks.
d	Configuring IPv6 ACLs
5	Configuring a Zone-Based Policy Firewall
6	Configure IOS Intrusion Prevention System (IPS) Using the CLI
a	Enable IOS IPS.
b	Modify an IPS signature.
7	Layer 2 Security
a	Assign the Central switch as the root bridge.
b	Secure spanning-tree parameters to prevent STP manipulation attacks.
c	Enable port security to prevent CAM table overflow attacks.
8	Layer 2 VLAN Security
9	Configure and Verify a Site-to-Site IPsec VPN Using CLI
10	Configuring ASA Basic Settings and Firewall Using CLI
a	Configure basic ASA settings and interface security levels using CLI
b	Configure routing, address translation, and inspection policy using CLI
c	Configure DHCP, AAA, and SSH
d	Configure a DMZ, Static NAT, and ACLs

B. Sc. (Information Technology)		Semester – VI	
Course Name: Business Intelligence Practical		Course Code: USIT6P3	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)			3
Credits			2
		Hours	Marks
<b>Evaluation System</b>	Practical Examination	21/2	50
	Internal		-

Practical	Details
No	
1	Import the legacy data from different sources such as (Excel, SqlServer, Oracle etc.) and load in the target system. (You can download sample database such as Adventureworks, Northwind, foodmart etc.)
2	Perform the Extraction Transformation and Loading (ETL) process to construct the database in the Sqlserver.
3	<ul><li>a. Create the Data staging area for the selected database.</li><li>b. Create the cube with suitable dimension and fact tables based on ROLAP, MOLAP and HOLAP model.</li></ul>
4	<ul><li>a.Create the ETL map and setup the schedule for execution.</li><li>b. Execute the MDX queries to extract the data from the datawarehouse.</li></ul>
5	a. Import the datawarehouse data in Microsoft Excel and create the Pivot table and Pivot Chart.

	b. Import the cube in Microsoft Excel and create the Pivot table and Pivot Chart to perform data analysis.
6	Apply the what – if Analysis for data visualization. Design and generate necessary reports based on the datawarehouse data.
7	Perform the data classification using classification algorithm.
8	Perform the data clustering using clustering algorithm.
9	Perform the Linear regression on the given datawarehouse data.
10	Perform the logistic regression on the given datawarehouse data.

The BI tools such as Tableau / Power BI / BIRT / R / Excel or any other can be used.

B. Sc. (Information Technology)		Semester – VI	
Course Name: Principles of Geographical Information		Course Code: USIT6P4	
System Practical		(Elective II)	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)		3	
Credits			2
		Hours	Marks
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Practical Examination</b>	21/2	50
	Internal		-

Practical	Details
No	
0	Familiarizing Quantum GIS: Installation of QGIS, datasets for both Vector
	and Raster data, Maps.
1	Creating and Managing Vector Data: Adding vector layers, setting properties, formatting, calculating line lengths and statistics
	<i>G</i>
2	Exploring and Managing Raster data: Adding raster layers, raster styling and analysis, raster mosaicking and clipping
3	Making a Map, Working with Attributes, Importing Spreadsheets or CSV files Using Plugins, Searching and Downloading OpenStreetMap Data

4	Working with attributes, terrain Data
5	Working with Projections and WMS Data
6	Georeferencing Topo Sheets and Scanned Maps
	Georeferencing Aerial Imagery
	Digitizing Map Data
7	Managing Data Tables and Saptial data Sets: Table joins, spatial joins, points
	in polygon analysis, performing spatial queries
8	Advanced GIS Operations 1:Nearest Neighbor Analysis, Sampling Raster
	Data using Points or Polygons, Interpolating Point Data
9	Advance GIS Operations 2: Batch Processing using Processing Framework
	Automating Complex Workflows using Processing Modeler
	Automating Map Creation withPrint Composer Atlas
10	Validating Map data

B. Sc. (Information Tech	Semester – VI		
Course Name: Advanced Network	Course Code: USIT6P5		
			lective II)
Periods per week (1 Period is 50	3		
Credits		2	
		Hours	Marks
<b>Evaluation System</b>	<b>Practical Examination</b>	21/2	50
	Internal		-

Practical	Details	
No		
1	Configuring OSPF – I	
a	Single-Area OSPF Link Costs and Interface Priorities	
b	Multi-Area OSPF with Stub Areas and Authentication	
2	Configuring OSPF – II	
a	OSPF Virtual Links and Area Summarization	
b	OSPF over Frame Relay	
3	Redistribution and Administrative Distances	
a	Redistribution Between RIP and OSPF	
b	Manipulating Administrative Distances	

4	BGP
a	Configuring BGP with Default Routing
b	Using the AS_PATH Attribute
С	BGP Route Reflectors and Route Filters
5	IPv6
a	Configuring OSPF for IPv6
b	Configuring 6to4 Tunnels
6	VLANs and EtherChannel
a	Static VLANS, VLAN Trunking, and VTP Domains and Modes
b	Configuring EtherChannel
7	Spanning Tree Protocol
a	Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) Default Behavior
b	Modifying Default Spanning Tree Behavior
8	VLAN and Spanning Tree
a	Per-VLAN Spanning Tree Behavior
b	Multiple Spanning Tree
9	Internal VLAN Routing
a	Inter-VLAN Routing with an External Router
b	Inter-VLAN Routing with an Internal Route Processor
10	Configure NAT Services

B. Sc. (Information Technology)			Semester – VI	
<b>Course Name: Advanced Mobile Programming Practical</b>			Code: USIT6P6	
Periods per week (1 Period is 50 minutes)			3	
Credits			2	
		Hours	Marks	
<b>Evaluation System</b>	Practical Examination	21/2	50	
-	Internal			

Practical	Details		
No			
1	Introduction to Android, Introduction to Android Studio IDE, Application		
	Fundamentals: Creating a Project, Android Components, Activities, Services,		
	Content Providers, Broadcast Receivers, Interface overview, Creating Android		
	Virtual device, USB debugging mode, Android Application Overview. Simple		
	"Hello World" program.		
2	Programming Resources		
	Android Resources: (Color, Theme, String, Drawable, Dimension, Image),		
3	Programming Activities and fragments		
	Activity Life Cycle, Activity methods, Multiple Activities, Life Cycle of		
	fragments and multiple fragments.		
4	Programs related to different Layouts		

	Coordinate, Linear, Relative, Table, Absolute, Frame, List View, Grid View.
5	Programming UI elements AppBar, Fragments, UI Components
6	Programming menus, dialog, dialog fragments
7	Programs on Intents, Events, Listeners and Adapters The Android Intent Class, Using Events and Event Listeners
8	Programs on Services, notification and broadcast receivers
9	Database Programming with SQLite
10	Programming threads, handles and asynchronized programs
11	Programming Media API and Telephone API
12	Programming Security and permissions
13	Programming Network Communications and Services (JSON)

## APPENDIX - 1

# **Project Dissertation Semester V and Project Implementation Semester VI**

Chapter 1 to 4 should be submitted in Semester V in spiral binding. These chapter have also to be included in Semester VI report. Semester VI report has to be hard bound with golden embossing. Students will be evaluated based on the dissertation in semester V and dissertation and viva voce in Semester VI.

#### I. OBJECTIVES

- Describe the Systems Development Life Cycle (SDLC).
- Evaluate systems requirements.
- Complete a problem definition.
- Evaluate a problem definition.
- Determine how to collect information to determine requirements.

- Perform and evaluate feasibility studies like cost-benefit analysis, technical feasibility, time feasibility and Operational feasibility for the project.
- Work on data collection methods for fact finding.
- Construct and evaluate data flow diagrams.
- Construct and evaluate data dictionaries.
- Evaluate methods of process description to include structured English, decision tables and decision trees.
- Evaluate alternative tools for the analysis process.
- Create and evaluate such alternative graphical tools as systems flow charts and state transition diagrams.
- Decide the S/W requirement specifications and H/W requirement specifications.
- Plan the systems design phase of the SDLC.
- Distinguish between logical and physical design requirements.
- Design and evaluate system outputs.
- Design and evaluate systems inputs.
- Design and evaluate validity checks for input data.
- Design and evaluate user interfaces for input.
- Design and evaluate file structures to include the use of indexes.
- Estimate storage requirements.
- Explain the various file update processes based on the standard file organizations.
- Decide various data structures.
- Construct and evaluate entity-relationship (ER) diagrams for RDBMS related projects.
- Perform normalization for the unnormalized tables for RDBMS related projects
- Decide the various processing systems to include distributed, client/server, online and others.
- Perform project cost estimates using various techniques.
- Schedule projects using both GANTT and PERT charts.
- Perform coding for the project.
- Documentation requirements and prepare and evaluate systems documentation.
- Perform various systems testing techniques/strategies to include the phases of testing.
- Systems implementation and its key problems.

- Generate various reports.
- Be able to prepare and evaluate a final report.
- Brief the maintenance procedures and the role of configuration management in operations.
- To decide the future scope and further enhancement of the system.
- Plan for several appendices to be placed in support with the project report documentation.
- Decide the various processing systems to include distributed, client/server, online and others.
- Perform project cost estimates using various techniques.
- Schedule projects using both GANTT and PERT charts.
- Perform coding for the project.
- Documentation requirements and prepare and evaluate systems documentation.
- Perform various systems testing techniques/strategies to include the phases of testing.
- Systems implementation and its key problems.
- Generate various reports.
- Be able to prepare and evaluate a final report.
- Brief the maintenance procedures and the role of configuration management in operations.
- To decide the future scope and further enhancement of the system.
- Plan for several appendices to be placed in support with the project report documentation.
- Work effectively as an individual or as a team member to produce correct, efficient, wellorganized and documented programs in a reasonable time.
- Recognize problems that are amenable to computer solutions, and knowledge of the tool necessary for solving such problems.
- Develop of the ability to assess the implications of work performed.
- Get good exposure and command in one or more application areas and on the software
- Develop quality software using the software engineering principles
- Develop of the ability to communicate effectively.

#### II. Type of the Project

The majority of the students are expected to work on a real-life project preferably in some industry/ Research and Development Laboratories/Educational Institution/Software Company. Students are encouraged to work in the areas listed below. However, it is *not mandatory* for a

student to work on a real-life project. The student can formulate a project problem with the help of her/his Guide and submit the project proposal of the same. **Approval of the project proposal is mandatory**. If approved, the student can commence working on it, and complete it. Use the latest versions of the software packages for the development of the project.

#### III. SOFTWARE AND BROAD AREAS OF APPLICATION

FRONT END / GUI Tools	.Net Technologies,Java
DBMS/BACK END	Oracle, SQL Plus, MY SQL, SQL Server,
LANGUAGES	C, C++, Java, VC++, C#, R,Python
SCRIPTING LANGUAGES	PHP,JSP, SHELL Scripts (Unix), TcL/TK,
.NET Platform	F#,C#. Net, Visual C#. Net, ASP.Net
MIDDLE WARE (COMPONENT) TECHNOLOGIES	COM/DCOM, Active-X, EJB
UNIX INTERNALS	Device Drivers, RPC, Threads, Socket programming
NETWORK/WIRELESS TECHNOLOGIES	-
REALTIME OPERATING SYSTEM/ EMBEDDED SKILLS	LINUX, Raspberry Pi, Arduino, 8051
APPLICATION AREAS	Financial / Insurance / Manufacturing / Multimedia / Computer Graphics / Instructional Design/ Database Management System/ Internet / Intranet / Computer Networking-Communication Software development/ E-Commerce/ ERP/ MRP/ TCP-IP programming / Routing protocols programming/ Socket programming.

#### **IV.Introduction**

The project report should be documented with scientific approach to the solution of the problem that the students have sought to address. The project report should be prepared in order to solve the problem in a methodical and professional manner, making due references to appropriate techniques, technologies and professional standards. The student should start the documentation process from the first phase of software development so that one can easily identify the issues to be focused upon in the ultimate project report. The student should also include the details from

the project diary, in which they will record the progress of their project throughout the course.

The project report should contain enough details to enable examiners to evaluate the work. The

important points should be highlighted in the body of the report, with details often referred to

appendices.

#### 1.1 PROJECT REPORT:

Title Page

Original Copy of the Approved Proforma of the Project Proposal

Certificate of Authenticated work

Role and Responsibility Form

Abstract

Acknowledgement

**Table of Contents** 

Table of Figures

**CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION** 

- 1.1 Background
- 1.2 Objectives
- 1.3 Purpose, Scope, and Applicability
- 1.3.1 Purpose
- 1.3.2 Scope
- 1.3.3 Applicability
- 1.4 Achievements
- 1.5 Organisation of Report

**CHAPTER 2: SURVEY OF TECHNOLOGIES** 

**CHAPTER 3: REQUIREMENTS AND ANALYSIS** 

- 3.1 Problem Definition
- 3.2 Requirements Specification
- 3.3 Planning and Scheduling
- 3.4 Software and Hardware Requirements
- 3.5 Preliminary Product Description
- 3.6 Conceptual Models

**CHAPTER 4: SYSTEM DESIGN** 

- 4.1 Basic Modules
- 4.2 Data Design
- 4.2.1 Schema Design
- 4.2.2 Data Integrity and Constraints
- 4.3 Procedural Design
- 4.3.1 Logic Diagrams
- 4.3.2 Data Structures
- 4.3.3 Algorithms Design
- 4.4 User interface design
- 4.5 Security Issues
- 4.6 Test Cases Design

The documentation should use tools like star UML, Visuo for windows, Rational Rose for design as part of Software Project Management Practical Course. The documentation should be spiral bound for semester V and the entire documentation should be hard bound during semester VI.

#### **CHAPTER 5: IMPLEMENTATION AND TESTING**

- 5.1 Implementation Approaches
- 5.2 Coding Details and Code Efficiency
- 5.2.1 Code Efficiency
- 5.3 Testing Approach
- 5.3.1 Unit Testing
- 5.3.2 Integrated Testing
- 5.3.3 Beta Testing
- 5.4 Modifications and Improvements
- 5.5 Test Cases

#### **CHAPTER 6: RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

- 6.1 Test Reports
- 6.2 User Documentation

**CHAPTER 7: CONCLUSIONS** 

- 7.1 Conclusion
- 7.1.1 Significance of the System

7.2 Limitations of the System

7.3 Future Scope of the Project

REFERENCES

**GLOSSARY** 

APPENDIX A

APPENDIX B

#### V. EXPLANATION OF CONTENTS

Title Page

Sample format of Title page is given in Appendix 1 of this block. Students should follow the given format.

Original Copy of the Approved Proforma of the Project Proposal

Sample Proforma of Project Proposal is given in Appendix 2 of this block. Students should follow the given format.

Certificate of Authenticated work

Sample format of Certificate of Authenticated work is given in Appendix 3 of this block. Students should follow the given format.

Role and Responsibility Form

Sample format for Role and Responsibility Form is given in Appendix 4 of this block.

Students should follow the given format.

Abstract

This should be one/two short paragraphs (100-150 words total), summarising the project work. It is important that this is not just a re-statement of the original project outline. A suggested flow is background, project aims and main achievements. From the abstract, a reader should be able to ascertain if the project is of interest to them and, it should present results of which they may wish to know more details.

Acknowledgements

This should express student's gratitude to those who have helped in the preparation of project.

Table of Contents: The table of contents gives the readers a view of the detailed structure of the report. The students would need to provide section and subsection headings with associated pages. The formatting details of these sections and subsections are given below.

Table of Figures: List of all Figures, Tables, Graphs, Charts etc. along with their page numbers in a table of figures.

Chapter 1: Introduction

The introduction has several parts as given below:

Background: A description of the background and context of the project and its relation to work already done in the area. Summarise existing work in the area concerned with the project work.

Objectives: Concise statement of the aims and objectives of the project. Define exactly what is going to be done in the project; the objectives should be about 30 /40 words.

Purpose, Scope and Applicability: The description of Purpose, Scope, and Applicability are given below:

- Purpose: Description of the topic of the project that answers questions on why this project is being done. How the project could improve the system its significance and theoretical framework.
- Scope: A brief overview of the methodology, assumptions and limitations. The students should answer the question: What are the main issues being covered in the project? What are the main functions of the project?
- Applicability: The student should explain the direct and indirect applications of their work. Briefly discuss how this project will serve the computer world and people.

Achievements: Explain what knowledge the student achieved after the completion of the work. What contributions has the project made to the chosen area? Goals achieved - describes the

degree to which the findings support the original objectives laid out by the project. The goals may be partially or fully achieved, or exceeded.

Organisation of Report: Summarising the remaining chapters of the project report, in effect, giving the reader an overview of what is to come in the project report.

#### Chapter 2: Survey of Technologies

In this chapter Survey of Technologies should demonstrate the students awareness and understanding of Available Technologies related to the topic of the project. The student should give the detail of all the related technologies that are necessary to complete the project. The should describe the technologies available in the chosen area and present a comparative study of all those Available Technologies. Explain why the student selected the one technology for the completion of the objectives of the project.

#### Chapter 3: Requirements and Analysis

Problem Definition: Define the problem on which the students are working in the project.

Provide details of the overall problem and then divide the problem in to sub-problems. Define each sub-problem clearly.

Requirements Specification: In this phase the student should define the requirements of the system, independent of how these requirements will be accomplished. The Requirements Specification describes the things in the system and the actions that can be done on these things. Identify the operation and problems of the existing system.

Planning and Scheduling: Planning and scheduling is a complicated part of software development. Planning, for our purposes, can be thought of as determining all the small tasks that must be carried out in order to accomplish the goal. Planning also takes into account, rules, known as constraints, which, control when certain tasks can or cannot happen. Scheduling can be thought of as determining whether adequate resources are available to carry out the plan. The student should show the Gantt chart and Program Evaluation Review Technique (PERT).

Software and Hardware Requirements: Define the details of all the software and hardware needed for the development and implementation of the project.

- Hardware Requirement: In this section, the equipment, graphics card, numeric co-processor, mouse, disk capacity, RAM capacity etc. necessary to run the software must be noted.
- Software Requirements: In this section, the operating system, the compiler, testing tools, linker, and the libraries etc. necessary to compile, link and install the software must be listed.

Preliminary Product Description: Identify the requirements and objectives of the new system. Define the functions and operation of the application/system the students are developing as project.

Conceptual Models: The student should understand the problem domain and produce a model of the system, which describes operations that can be performed on the system, and the allowable sequences of those operations. Conceptual Models could consist of complete Data Flow Diagrams, ER diagrams, Object-oriented diagrams, System Flowcharts etc.

#### Chapter 4: System Design

Describes desired features and operations in detail, including screen layouts, business rules, process diagrams, pseudocode and other documentation.

Basic Modules: The students should follow the divide and conquer theory, so divide the overall problem into more manageable parts and develop each part or module separately. When all modules are ready, the student should integrate all the modules into one system. In this phase, the student should briefly describe all the modules and the functionality of these modules.

Data Design: Data design will consist of how data is organised, managed and manipulated.

- Schema Design: Define the structure and explanation of schemas used in the project.
- Data Integrity and Constraints: Define and explain all the validity checks and constraints provided to maintain data integrity.

Procedural Design: Procedural design is a systematic way for developing algorithms or procedurals.

- Logic Diagrams: Define the systematical flow of procedure that improves its comprehension and helps the programmer during implementation. e.g., Control Flow Chart, Process Diagrams etc.
- Data Structures: Create and define the data structure used in procedures.
- Algorithms Design: With proper explanations of input data, output data, logic of processes, design and explain the working of algorithms.

User Interface Design: Define user, task, environment analysis and how to map those requirements in order to develop a "User Interface". Describe the external and internal components and the architecture of user interface. Show some rough pictorial views of the user interface and its components.

Security Issues: Discuss Real-time considerations and Security issues related to the project and explain how the student intends avoiding those security problems. What are the security policy plans and architecture?

Test Cases Design: Define test cases, which will provide easy detection of errors and mistakes with in a minimum period of time and with the least effort. Explain the different conditions in which the students wish to ensure the correct working of the project.

#### Chapter 5: Implementation and Testing

Implementation Approaches: Define the plan of implementation, and the standards the students have used in the implementation.

Coding Details and Code Efficiency: Students not need include full source code, instead, include only the important codes (algorithms, applets code, forms code etc). The program code should contain comments needed for explaining the work a piece of code does. Comments may be needed to explain why it does it, or, why it does a particular way.

The student can explain the function of the code with a shot of the output screen of that program code.

• Code Efficiency: The student should explain how the code is efficient and how the students have handled code optimisation.

Testing Approach: Testing should be according to the scheme presented in the system design chapter and should follow some suitable model - e.g., category partition, state machine-based. Both functional testing and user-acceptance testing are appropriate. Explain the approach of testing.

- Unit Testing: Unit testing deals with testing a unit or module as a whole. This would test the interaction of many functions but, do confine the test within one module.
- Integrated Testing: Brings all the modules together into a special testing environment, then checks for errors, bugs and interoperability. It deals with tests for the entire application. Application limits and features are tested here.

Modifications and Improvements: Once the students finish the testing they are bound to be faced with bugs, errors and they will need to modify your source code to improve the system. Define what modification are implemented in the system and how it improved the system.

### Chapter 6: Results and Discussion

Test Reports: Explain the test results and reports based on the test cases, which should show that theproject is capable of facing any problematic situation and that it works fine in different conditions. Take the different sample inputs and show the outputs.

User Documentation: Define the working of the software; explain its different functions, components with screen shots. The user document should provide all the details of the product in such a way that any user reading the manual, is able to understand the working and functionality of the document.

#### Chapter 7: Conclusions

Conclusion: The conclusions can be summarised in a fairly short chapter (2 or 3 pages). This chapter brings together many of the points that would have made in the other chapters.

Limitations of the System: Explain the limitations encountered during the testing of the project that the students were not able to modify. List the criticisms accepted during the demonstrations of the project.

Future Scope of the Project describes two things: firstly, new areas of investigation prompted by developments in this project, and secondly, parts of the current work that was not completed due to time constraints and/or problems encountered.

#### REFERENCES

It is very important that the students acknowledge the work of others that they have used or adapted in their own work, or that provides the essential background or context to the project. The use of references is the standard way to do this. Please follow the given standard for the references for books, journals, and online material. The citation is mandatory in both the reports. E.g:

Linhares, A., & Brum, P. (2007). Understanding our understanding of strategic scenarios: What role do chunks play? *Cognitive Science*, *31*(6), 989-1007. https://doi.org/doi:10.1080/03640210701703725

Lipson, Charles (2011). Cite right: A quick guide to citation styles; MLA, APA, Chicago, the sciences, professions, and more (2nd ed.). Chicago [u.a.]: University of Chicago Press. p. 187. ISBN 9780226484648.

Elaine Ritchie, J Knite. (2001). Artificial Intelligence, Chapter 2, p.p 23 - 44. Tata McGrawHill.

#### **GLOSSARY**

If you the students any acronyms, abbreviations, symbols, or uncommon terms in the project report then their meaning should be explained where they first occur. If they go on to use any of them extensively then it is helpful to list them in this section and define the meaning.

#### **APPENDICES**

These may be provided to include further details of results, mathematical derivations, certain illustrative parts of the program code (e.g., class interfaces), user documentation etc.

In particular, if there are technical details of the work done that might be useful to others who wish to build on this work, but that are not sufficiently important to the project as a whole to

justify being discussed in the main body of the project, then they should be included as appendices.

#### VI. SUMMARY

Project development usually involves an engineering approach to the design and development of a software system that fulfils a practical need. Projects also often form an important focus for discussion at interviews with future employers as they provide a detailed example of what the students are capable of achieving. In this course the students can choose your project topic from the lists given in Unit 4: Category-wise Problem Definition.

#### VII. FURTHER READINGS

- 1. Modern Systems Analysis and Design; Jeffrey A. Hoffer, Joey F. George, Joseph, S. Valacich; Pearson Education; Third Edition; 2002.
- 2. ISO/IEC 12207: Software Life Cycle Process (http://www.software.org/quagmire/descriptions/iso-iec12207.asp).
- 3. IEEE 1063: Software User Documentation (http://ieeexplore.ieee.org).
- 4. ISO/IEC: 18019: Guidelines for the Design and Preparation of User Documentation for Application Software.
- 5. http://www.sce.carleton.ca/squall.
- 6. http://en.tldp.org/HOWTO/Software-Release-Practice-HOWTO/documentation.html.
- 7. http://www.sei.cmu.edu/cmm/

### PROFORMA FOR THE APPROVAL PROJECT PROPOSAL

(Note:All entries of the proforma of approval should be filled up with appropriate and complete information. Incomplete proforma of approval in any respect will be summarily rejected.)

PNR No.: Rollno:	
PNR No.: Rollno:	

1. Name of the Student

2.	Title of the Project		
3.	Name of the Guide		
4.	Teaching experience of the Guide		
5.	Is this your first submission?	Yes	No
Signat	ture of the Student		Signature of the Guide
Date:		Da	nte:
Signat	ture of the Coordinator		
Date:			

(All the text in the report should be in times new roman)

# TITLE OF THE PROJECT (NOT EXCEEDING 2 LINES, 24 BOLD, ALL CAPS)

A Project Report (12 Bold)

Submitted in partial fulfillment of the Requirements for the award of the Degree of (size-12)

# BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY)(14 BOLD, CAPS)

By(12 Bold)

Name of The Student (size-15, title case) Seat Number (size-15)

Under the esteemed guidance of (13 bold)
Mr./Mrs. Name of The Guide (15 bold, title case)
Designation (14 Bold, title case)

#### **COLLEGE LOGO**

# DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY(12 BOLD, CAPS) COLLEGE NAME (14 BOLD, CAPS)

(Affiliated to University of Mumbai) (12, Title case, bold, italic) CITY, PIN CODE(12 bold, CAPS) MAHARASHTRA (12 bold, CAPS) YEAR (12 bold)

# COLLEGE NAME (14 BOLD, CAPS) (Affiliated to University of Mumbai) (13, bold, italic) CITY-MAHARASHTRA-PINCODE(13 bold, CAPS)

### **DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (14 BOLD, CAPS)**

Col	lege	Lo	σn
CUI	1626	LU	20

### **CERTIFICATE (14 BOLD, CAPS, underlined, centered)**

This is to certify that the project entitled, "Title of The Project", is bonafied work of NAME OF THE STUDENT bearing Seat.No: (NUMBER) submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of degree of BACHELOR OF SCIENCE in INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY from University of Mumbai. (12, times new roman, justified)

Internal Guide (12 bold)	(Don't write names of lecturers or HOD)	Coordinator
	External Examiner	
Date:		College Seal



### (Project Abstract page format)

# Abstract (20bold, caps, centered)

**Content (12, justified)** 

Note: Entire document should be with <u>1.5</u> line spacing and all paragraphs should start with 1 tab space.

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

(20, BOLD, ALL CAPS, CENTERED)

The acknowledgement should be in times new roman, 12 font with 1.5 line spacing, justified.

(Declaration page format)

# **DECLARATION (20 bold, centered, allcaps)**

**Content (12, justified)** 

I here by declare that the project entitled, "**Title of the Project**" done at **place where the project is done**, has not been in any case duplicated to submit to any other university for the award of any degree. To the best of my knowledge other than me, no one has submitted to any other university.

The project is done in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of degree of **BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY)** tobe submitted as final semester project as part of our curriculum.

Name and Signature of the Student

### TABLE OF CONTENTS (20bold, caps, centered)

Should be generated automatically using word processing software.

Chapter 1: Introduction	01(no bold)
1.1 Background	02(no bold)
1.2 Objectives	••••
1.3 Purpose and Scope	••••
1.2.1Purpose	••••
1.2.2Scope	
•••••	

### **Chapter 2: System Analysis**

- 2.1 Existing System
- 2.2 Proposed System
- 2.3 Requirement Analysis
- 2.4 Hardware Requirements
- **2.5 Software Requirements**
- 2.6 Justification of selection of Technology

### **Chapter 3: System Design**

- 3.1 Module Division
- 3.2 Data Dictionary
- 3.3ER Diagrams
- 3.4DFD/UML Diagrams

### **Chapter 4: Implementation and Testing**

- **4.1** Code (Place Core segments)
- **4.2 Testing Approach** 
  - **4.2.1Unit Testing (Test cases and Test Results)**
  - **4.2.2** Integration System (Test cases and Test Results)
- **Chapter 5: Results and Discussions (Output Screens)**
- **Chapter 6: Conclusion and Future Work**
- **Chapter 7: References**

# List of Tables (20 bold, centered, Title Case)

Should be generated automatically using word processing software.

# List of Figures (20 bold, centered, Title Case)

Should be generated automatically using word processing software.

### (Project Introduction page format)

# **Chapter 1**

# **Introduction (20 Bold, centered)**

Content or text (12, justified)

Note: Introduction has to cover brief description of the project with minimum 4 pages.

### System Analysis (20 bold, Centered)

Subheadings are as shown below with following format (16 bold, CAPS)

- 2.1 Existing System (16 Bold)
- 2.1.1 ----- (14 bold, title case)
- **2.1.1.1** ----- (12 bold, title case)
- 2.2 Proposed System
- 2.3 Requirement Analysis
- 2.4 Hardware Requirements
- 2.5 Software Requirements
- 2.6 Justification of Platform (how h/w & s/w satisfying the project)

**Table 2.1: Caption** 

rrr		

# System Design (20 bold, centered)

Subheadings are as shown below with following format (16 bold, CAPS) Specify figures as Fig 11.1 – caption

- 3.1 Module Division
- 3.2 Data Dictionary
- 3.3 E-R Diagrams
- 3.4 Data Flow Diagrams / UML

Note: write brief description at the bottom of all diagrams

Sample Figure

Fig. 3.1: Caption

## Implementation and Testing (20 bold, centered)

### **4.1 Code (Place Core segments)**

Content includes description about coding phase in your project (Font-12) (\* don't include complete code----just description)

### **4.2 Testing Approach**

Subheadings are as shown below with following format (16 bold, CAPS)

### 4.2.1 Unit Testing

### **4.2.2 Integration Testing**

### Note:

- > Explain about above testing methods
- Explain how the above techniques are applied in your project
   Provide Test plans, test cases, etc relevant to your project

# Results and Discussions(20 bold, centered)

Note: Place Screen Shots and write the functionality of each screen at the bottom

# Conclusion and Future Work (20 bold, centered)

The conclusions can be summarized in a fairly short chapter around 300 words. Also include limitations of your system and future scope (12, justified)

### References (20 bold, centered)

Content (12, LEFT)

[1] Title of the book, Author

[2] Full URL of online references

### \* NOTE ABOUT PROJECT VIVA VOCE:

Student may be asked to write code for problem during VIVA to demonstrate his coding capabilities and he/she may be asked to write any segment of coding used in the in the project. The project can be done in group of at most four students. However, the length and depth of the project should be justified for the projects done in group. A big project can be modularised and different modules can be assigned as separate project to different students.

Marks Distribution:

Semester V: 50 Marks

Documentation: 50 marks

Semester VI: 150 Marks

Documentation: 50 Marks:

Implementation and Viva Voce: 100 Marks

The plagiarism should be maintained as per the UGC guidelines.